BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHIG AND COURIER PUBLISHING COMPANY. BANGOR, MAINE, SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1898. VOL. LXV.--NO. 192.

NO DECISION ARRIVED AT.

1898 [illegible] 1898

[illegible]

IS [illegible]

THE FAIR

Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, 2.

We shall renew our Success of last year at

M[illegible]

EVERYDAY A GOOD DAY, EVERYTHING CLEAN AND NEW.

Stake Races filled to overflowing. Class races embracing the best horses in New England.

The Guileless Wonder

MARION MILLS

She has a record of 2.04 3-4 without driver or sulky.

THE SPORTSMAN'S EXHIBIT

Of Miss "Fly Rod," with Log Cabin Famous Guides, the Beautiful Indian Princess of the Tarratines. Rare show of Curios, Animals, Birds, Fishes, etc.

THE FAMOUS JAPANESE TROUPE

Just from Mikado Land.

"RUBE HILTON"

The Comical Bicycle Jockey.

The ELECTRO-RAMA.

Showing the Wreck of the Maine, Battles of Manila and Santiago, and possibly Porto Rico.

HIGH BALLOON ASCENSIONS

Both Day and Night with Fireworks

The Midway and Its Varied Attractions.

COME EVERYBODY.

F. O. BEAL, President.

E. L. STERNS, Secretary.

We gave free Soda to many hundreds of people last Thursday just to show off our new fountain and the luscious beverages that can be had from it.

We mix just as good sodas every day in the week—from purest of fruit juices and fine candy syrups. Always cooling; always refreshing.

There's a clerk in constant attendance at the fountain till 11 P. M.

SWEET'S DRUG STORE.

26 Main St.

[illegible]

ALWAYS THE BEST.

Double Refined, Extra Strong. Try it and you will use no other.

7c. a Pound; 4 pounds for 25c.

For sale only by

TEA W-[illegible]

WILL HAVE TO WAIT FOR THEIR PAY.

Washington, July 29. The sailors from Sampson's fleet, who participated in the destruction of the vessels of Cervera's squadron, will probably have to wait some time for their prize money. The navy department had prepared lists of all the crews of the Spanish vessels and of the vessels of our own fleet that participated in the engagement, who were entitled to prize money, for the use of the auditor of the treasury in settling the accounts, but the treasury department officials in their care to prevent any misapprehension of the funds, acquired that they be supplied with further detailed information, and this request has necessitated the return of the lists to the North Atlantic fleet off Santiago for amendment.

[illegible]

Chicago, July 29. The first definite statement was made today as to how yellow fever was brought into the ranks of the American army in Cuba. Mr. H. L. Beach, who represented the Associated Press among the fighting lines at Santiago and who has just returned to Chicago, made the statements as follows:

It is an actual fact—something I saw with my own eyes—that our army ambulances were used to carry Cuban refugees who had fled from Santiago and who were carrying the germs of dread fever with them. When Gen. Shafter sent word to Santiago that he intended to bombard the city the people all began to flee, and most of them went to El Caney. This is a town of about 500 people, but 15,000 refugees went there and occupied the houses in which there was room for only 500. The town was overflowing, there was no food for the Cubans and the army had not enough to spare. So these people had to go out and forage for themselves. Santiago is known as the worst fever port in Cuba and these people who did not carry it with them soon had it, for their condition, huddled together as they were, was terrible and brought on the pest almost immediately. I know it to be a fact, having seen it myself, that the military ambulances were used to haul these refugees from El Caney so they might get food. The people waded through the mud and were picked up by the ambulances. Then our sick and wounded were hauled in the same ambulances. But worst of all, it seems to me, is the fact that the commissary wagons, which always were going to Siboney and back carrying food, went out with food and returned loaded with refugees and went back again loaded with food.

[illegible]

Washington, July 29. The navy department has posted the following bulletin:

St. Thomas, July 29, U. S. S. Massachusetts, Ponce, Porto Rico, July 28, Commander Davis with Dixie, Annapolis, Wasp and Gloucester left Guanica July 27 to blockade Ponce and capture fighters for United States army. City of Ponce and Playa surrendered to Commander Davis at noon upon demand at 12.30 A. M., July 28. American flag hoisted at 6 A. M., 28th. Spanish garrison evacuated. Provisional executive of surrender until acceptance by army, first garrison to be allowed to retire, second, civil government to remain in force, third, police and the brigade to be maintained without arms, fourth, captain of port not to be made prisoner. Arrived at Ponce from Guanica with Massachusetts and Gloucester, Generals Miles and Gen. Wilson and transport at 6.40 A. M., 28th. Commenced landing army in captured sugar lighters. No resistance. Troops welcomed by inhabitants great enthusiasm. Captured sixty lighters, twenty sailing vessels and 120 tons of coal.

U. S. CONSUL PARTRIDGE THREATENED BY SPANIARDS.

London, July 29. Mail advices from Tangier, Morocco, today say that the threats of the Spanish residents there caused the house of Mr. F. C. Partridge, the retiring United States consul, to be guarded before he left, and in addition his successor, Mr. Samuel Gummere, was escorted to the consulate, which is still guarded by Moorish troops.

One American family which had been residing at Tangier went to Europe, fearing violence.

The conduct of the 5000 Spaniards generally has been calm, though there have been a few threats to cut the cable in order to prevent Commodore Watson from using it and in order to interfere with the provisioning of his squadron.

The French steamer Olla, which recently touched at Tangier with refugees from the Canary Islands, reported that the foreign consuls at the Canaries had notified the subjects of their governments that Commodore Watson's squadron was coming and the people there, for a time, were panic-stricken and were seeking refuge in the interior of the islands.

NO CONDITION TO RESIST US.

Paris, July 29. A correspondent of the Temps at San Juan de Porto Rico today criticised the insufficiency and condition of the equipment of the Spanish troops in Porto Rico. He says that if fighting occurs it will amount to little, as the Spaniards are in no condition to resist the Americans.

ANOTHER EXPEDITION SAILS.

San Francisco, July 29. The transport steamer St. Paul, bearing the first battalion of North Dakota volunteers, the Minnesota and Colorado recruits sailed for Manila today.

MOVEMENT OF CHICKAMAUGA TROOPS.

Chickamauga National Park, July 29. The first South Carolina regiment broke camp this morning and marched to Rossville, where the southern railway trains for Jacksonville, Fla., were taken. No other commands there yet received moving orders, but it is believed that the first brigade, second division, first corps, will go out early next week. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the wagon train of the third division of the first army corps went out on review on the Sixth-Waite field. The scene was very picturesque. The wagon train was three miles deep, as follows: First South Carolina, fourth Massachusetts, first New Hampshire, 12th Minn., 12th New York, second Missouri, fifth Penn., 21st Kansas, ninth Penn. This was in brigade formation, the first South Carolina being on the left and the 5th Penn. on the right. Each regiment had 27 wagons, making 248 in all. To each wagon was attached four mules. Each wagon was packed with camp equipment and had a cot, done for movement to the front, could have started on half a second's notice. The ambulance corps had the rear of line. Gen. Sanger reviewed the train. The procession was well executed.

Washington, July 29. Nearly 5 hours earnest discussion today by the President and his constitutional advisers of the reply of the U. S. to be made by the government to the Spanish overtures for peace, brought no conclusion and the matter was necessarily postponed for further consideration at another meeting of the cabinet to be held at 10.30 tomorrow morning. Such was the formal statement of the situation made at the conclusion of the day's work by each member of the cabinet, who was questioned upon the subject. A final conclusion, however, is much nearer than this statement would seem to indicate and indeed there is little reason to doubt that an agreement has been reached upon all the substantial points at issue and that what remains to be done tomorrow is rather to smooth away inequalities and adjust some minor points of difference before making an answer expected by M. Cambon.

The points under discussion during the greater part of the meeting was what disposition should be made of the Philippines. On the other issues unanimity developed.

There was to be independence demanded for Cuba, Porto Rico was to be ceded to the United States, coaling stations were to be acquired at Guam, in the Ladrone Islands and in the Caroline Islands. These propositions were disposed of quickly, but when it came to the Philippines some diversity of opinion was revealed.

As near as can be gathered this did not relate mainly to the retention of the islands on which proposition a majority of the cabinet was specially recorded in the negative. But accepting the broad proposition that Spain was to be allowed to keep these possessions other questions of importance developed and it was felt that these must be answered definitely before the subject could be disposed of.

There was no question as to the propriety of demanding a coaling station in the Philippines and, while there reasonably might be a difference of opinion as to the location and extent of this station, little difficulty was expected to be encountered in solving that problem because the matter could be referred to the naval war board, whose members are competent to deal with the subject.

GOVERNMENT IN PHILIPPINES.

The perplexing problem was what form of government should be instituted in the Philippines and what should be the nature of the guarantee required of Spain that the new government should be liberal and autonomous in character. These two questions hinged on the primary decision to interfere at all in preserving a change in the conditions in the Philippines. Some members of the cabinet felt that the insurgents under Aguinaldo, having acted independently of the United States from the very beginning of the insurrection and having lately shown a disposition to make trouble for us, had no moral claim upon the United States in the settlement of the Spanish war. On the other hand it was urged that our government should lose no opportunity to extend its principles throughout the world and this that could be done in the present case by requiring Spain to extend genuine autonomy to the Philippines.

It was on such points as these that the discussion prevailed all day. A point which was quickly established was that there should be no reference of any phase of the question of the disposition of the islands to any concert or individual action by outside powers.

Another point that was settled, though there will be no formal action was that no protest against the continuance of military or naval operations pending the peace negotiations would avail in the slightest, that there would be no armistice, no suspension of operations, nor any modification whatever of the present plans until the Spanish government had agreed to the terms proposed.

SPANISH AUTHORITY MUST CEASE.

Incident to the cession of Porto Rico and the recognition of Cuban independence by Spain was the decision that every vestige of Spanish authority in the Caribbean and West Indian waters must be removed, affecting a material acquisition of numerous islands over which the Spanish flag flies, one of the most important of which is the Isle of Pines. Furthermore, this sweeping change of authority from Spain to the United States in our nearby waters is to be effective also as a quit claim of all indebtedness assumed by Spain and charged by her to those islands, so far as the United States is concerned, and commercial treaties now existing between Spain and her possessions there and outside powers are extinguished.

Some discussion was had as to the probability of the Spanish acceptance of our terms. The views offered, though it can be stated that several of the most influential members of the cabinet believed that the terms substantially agreed upon would not be accepted by Spain at once. While believing that the proposals made should in all reason constitute the minimum to be considered, some expressed the belief that Spain would not be immediately disposed to reach an agreement on them and that possibly considerable time would elapse before that government would be ready to yield, meanwhile seeking a compromise which, it was asserted, was not to be entertained for a moment. Others took the ground that there was every indication that Spain had decided to make terms and that what was now proposed would soon be acceded to to avoid further disaster.

MANILA SURRENDER UNCONFIRMED.

One factor in the protracted discussion of the Philippine problem was the absence of advice as to the existing situation there on this date, a point that might be of considerable importance in the adjustment of the question. The news of the other Spanish possessions

unconfirmed dispatch reporting Manila had surrendered was commented on as indicating that definite action without knowledge of the exact situation at Manila, might cause a statement regarding conditions that will not exist. The formal papers crystallizing the results of the two sessions today, will be ready for action tomorrow. A formal vote will then be had and the answer of this government is likely to be communicated to Spain before nightfall.

The most important news received at the war department today was the cable despatch from Gen. Miles announcing the excellent progress being made in southern Porto Rico and the capture of Ponce. The navy department also received a cable announcing that the navy has captured the city of Ponce and landed the forces under Gen. Miles. Both departments are much satisfied with what has been accomplished and the tone of both despatches indicate that the rivalry between the army and navy for honors in the Spanish war is not at an end. The department expects an easy conquest of Porto Rico, and notwithstanding the overtures for peace made by Spain, the war will be prosecuted vigorously in that island.

The belief in general in the war department is that Gen. Merritt has landed in Manila, though no cable information to that effect has been received. The fact that Merritt sailed a month ago and has had ample time to reach Manila is the ground for the belief in the department.

THE SICK AND WOUNDED.

The care of the sick and wounded and steps looking to their greater comfort engrossed officers of the war department during the day. An officer has been despatched to Montauk, L. I., to prepare a hospital for the sick of Gen. Shafter's army when they shall have arrived again in the United States. Orders also have been issued looking to the accommodation of sick soldiers on furlough, enabling them to visit their sources and return with greater despatch and convenience.

It has been determined to send a commission to visit hospitals of various army corps with a view of ameliorating the condition of the sick. A surgeon of the army and Major Hopkins, of the adjutant general's office, will compose this commission with perhaps another officer of the army.

Major Hopkins is Gen. Alger's military aide. The surgeon general's office is also considering the advisability of allowing a number of women as nurses in the hospitals at the large camps. The surgeon general has been averse to having women nurses in the field, but it is said that the large rendezvous camps cannot be considered as field service and the objection to women does not apply as it would in active service.

Gen. Shafter was heard from this afternoon in a message relating to the transports in Santiago which are wanted to carry additional forces to Porto Rico. He reported that they were being unloaded as fast as possible and that the Yucatan, Alleghany, Comal and San Marcos sailed for Tampa yesterday, while the Seguranca, Miami and Matanza were to sail today. The department wants at least three of those boats at once at Tampa to load on the artillery and cavalry of Coppinger's division.

Gen. Coppinger said today that so far these troops have left Camp Tampa: 11th and 10th infantry, under Gen. Schwan; batteries C., and M., of the 7th artillery; troop B., 2nd Cavalry and troop A., fifth cavalry.

The following troops are waiting transportation: Batteries R and M., fifth artillery; E., 8th, H., 7th and O., of the 4th, the fifth infantry, fifth cavalry, Gen. Hudson's brigade, consisting of the second Georgia, 4th Maryland and 1st Florida, and Gen. Snyders headquarters as well as the division headquarters.

[illegible]

(Copyright, 1898, by Associated Press.)

Santiago, July 28, 3.10 P. M. (delayed in transmission). A panicky feeling prevails in the business circles owing to the fear that the Americans will turn the city over to the Cubans for self government.

No confidence existing, owing to the uncertainty of the future. Orders that were given during the first days of the American occupation have been countermanded by cable. Even European merchandise on through bill of lading via New York, has been ordered, transshipped and sold in New York even on a single order.

A faint idea may be formed of the extent to which Sebastopol was fired upon by the allied military and fleets when it is stated that from a mass of 12 cents per hundred weight, which the Russian government levied upon the proceeds of the sales of old iron shot and shell picked up and sold by the people, a sum of nearly $75,000 was realized.

Astronomical instruments of glass were used by the Chinese as early as 2283 B. C.

At Oxford, Eng., there are two orreries, each of which contains planets two inches and a fourth, one containing

SPANISH PRISONERS DIE.

Portsmouth, N. H., July 29. Three of the Spanish prisoners died at Camp Long this afternoon, the deaths being due to pneumonia and one to a complication of diseases.

There are at least ten dangerously ill at the present time and more deaths are expected from pneumonia.

As in Her Youth

She Is Kept in Good Health by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A Woman's Experience with This Great Medicine.

"I have had Hood's Sarsaparilla in my family for many years and have been kept in good health by its use. A few years ago I had a heart trouble and I was advised not to work too hard, as it was a critical period in my life. This was impossible as I was not able to hire my work done. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and it kept me in good health through this period. I was able to do my housework besides running a sewing machine as I did in my younger days. Whenever I get to feeling tired and languid and cannot sleep at night, I get a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it does me good. My son had erysipelas and was weak and without appetite. After taking Hood's he was well and able to work every day." MRS. ALMIRA HILL, Lymar, Maine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to effect. 25 cents.

FUNERAL OF A HERO.

New York, July 29. The funeral services over the body of the late Sergt. Hamilton Fish, Jr., of the Rough Riders, who was killed in the assault on Santiago, were held in St. Mark's Episcopal church today. There was a tremendous crowd in the vicinity of the church when the service began and many were unable to enter the building.

[illegible]

London, July 29. The weekly papers credit the United States with a desire to deal generously with Spain. The Saturday Review says:

"We are convinced that America will not play the part of Shylock but now she has learned to appreciate the bravery and fighting qualities of the Spaniards, as well as the worthlessness of the Cuban rebels, she will make obvious atonement for the precipitancy with which she entered upon the war by dealing generously with her opponents."

The Spectator urges the United States to assume direct control of both Cuba and the Philippines. It implores the Washington government rather to break an injudicious pledge to Congress than to allow Cuba and the Philippines to be independent or to return to the cruel Spanish domination.

"Since it is equally inadmissable," says the Spectator, "to grant independence or to transfer the Philippines to any other power, it is best that the United States should assume the heavy responsibility involved, which will serve to bring out the best qualities of the American nation. England does not desire the Philippines, and if she did she would not take them because she wishes to prove that her sympathy for the United States is quite disinterested."

The Spectator devotes another article to a eulogy of the splendid and unexpected manner in which Mr. McKinley has risen to the requirements of a high and difficult position.

"The President has developed talents showing him the possessor of many of Lincoln's great qualities. It would be remarkable," the Spectator continues, "if for the second time in a generation the American system, really the elective monarchy, proved itself a strong system for dealing with a dangerous system."

Use in place of Cream of Tartar and Soda.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

More convenient, Makes the food lighter and more healthful.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Glass Berry Saucer 5 Cents

Worth More.

A lot we wish to close—had them too long because we had too many.

A plain glass deep berry saucer with fine needle etched design. Fine polished, brilliant finish. Five inches diameter.

They didn't sell fast enough at $1.00 per dozen—they'll go at the new price,

5 CENTS.

"Walk in and Look Around"

P. H. VOSE & CO.

50 Main St.

33 DAY

Today

[illegible]'S,

78 & 80 MAIN ST.

Bar Harbor

The Maine Central Railroad announces for this year the usual

EVERY SUNDAY EXCURSIONS,

Continuing same as long as Sunday trains are run at following rates of fare: Oldtown and Great Works, $1.50; Veazie, Orono and Basin Mills, $1.35; Veazie, $1.25; Bangor, Brewer, Holden, Green Lake and Kingman, $1.00; Ellsworth Falls, $.85; Ellsworth, $.60; Franklin Road, $.75; Hancock, $.60; Waukeag, $.45; Mt. Desert Ferry, $.50.

Trains leave Oldtown 7.30 a. m., Bangor 8.05 and 8.15 a. m., and at 11.55 a. m. until August 28. Returning, leave Bar Harbor 5.00 p. m. for Oldtown and 5.30 p. m. and 8.45 p. m.

Boating, Bathing, Fishing and Always a Cool Breeze From the Broad Ocean.

F. E. Booth by, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent. Geo. F. Evans, Vice-President and Gen. Mgr.

[illegible]

B. H. & W. R. R.

Week Commencing Monday, July 25th.

An Entire New Bill.

Mr. & Mrs. FRED MORPHET, Musicalists, McBRIDE and LANGNER, Revolving Ladder, ED GALLAGHER, Singing & Dancing Comedian, YETTA PETERS, Serio Comic.

2 Performances Daily—3.00 and 8.15 P. M.

THE WEATHER.

FAIR AND COOLER.

Washington, July 29. Forecast for Saturday for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair and cooler, southerly winds, becoming westerly.

LOCAL FORECAST.

Boston, July 29. Local forecast for Boston and vicinity for Saturday: Partly cloudy weather and probably fair; cooler Saturday evening or night; southwest to west winds.

THE ENTERPRISE SAILS FOR BATH.

Bar Harbor, Me., July 29. The school ship Enterprise, with cadets on board, sailed this noon today for Bath, where she will have some repairs made.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WOMEN

"Contemplating insuring their lives are sometimes tempted to listen to the alluring voice of the solicitor of assessment insurance, the seeming 'cheapness' of the policy taking their fancy. As time goes on the women doing a cheap policy is evidence of the fact that [illegible] the payment of premiums, but by so doing all the money previously expended is swallowed up by the concern. Naturally a woman will continue for some years to pay rather than lose her hard earned money, but the critical time, however, is [illegible] a life insurance policy that offers cheapness at the expense of reliability, but to purchase rather the genuine article" from

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.

H. N. FAIRBANKS,

GEN. AGENT,

MAIN STREET, BANGOR, ME.

THE WAR LOAN

now having been much oversubscribed for, investors will be looking for other channels in which to invest surplus funds.

Municipal Bonds

always present a safe medium for the investment of one's money.

Tyler, Fogg & Co.,

Kenduskeag Building, Bangor, Me.

For Tourists

Alcohol Stoves, Curling Irons, Drinking Cups, Pocket Flasks, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Sponges, Sponge Bags, Toilet Soaps, Soap Boxes, Toilet Waters, Perfumes.

THE EAST SIDE PHARMACY CO.

cor. State and Harlow Sts.

STATE OF MAINE.

Penobscot ss. Clerk's Office. Supreme Judicial Court.

Bangor, July 5th, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that Henry [illegible] of Bangor, has filed in his office, notice of his intention to apply for admission to Penobscot Bar, at the August Term of said Court, 1898.

CHAS. F. SWEET, Clerk.

FIRE and LIFE Insurance

ALSO—

ACCIDENT TICKETS For Tourists and Travelers.

Surety Bonds

for Assignees, Trustees and others giving bonds to Probate Courts.

Blake, Barrows & Brown,

6 Central St., Bangor, Me. Telephone 10-3.

LADIES' SAILORS.

Not the "everywhere" kind, but dainty creations made with an art that wins the [eye], and at reduced prices.

YFORD & WOODWARD, Leading Hatters.

Dr. JAMES F. SMITH,

Nem. Mass. Med. Soc.

has his office and residence at 2[illegible] State street where he will pay special attention to the treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat. The Doctor will be away from Saturday afternoon until Tuesday evening during July and August.

MARRIED.

At Forest City, July 28, by Rev. Carl A. Rausch, Fred W. Bailey and Renna Whitney, both of Belfast, Me.

In Veazie, July 24, by Fred L. Pratt, Esq., Charles Albert Fresco and Hattie Adams, both of Veazie.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF BANGOR

ARRIVED.

FRIDAY, 29

Str Penobscot, Pierce, Boston

Str Cimbria, Barbour, Bar Harbor

Sch Cassie F Bronson, Benett, Portland

Sch A J Whiting, Closson, Rockland, lime to Harvey & Chalmers

SAILED, 29

Str Penobscot, Pierce, Boston

Sch Alice Holbrook, Ellis, Philadelphia, from Orrington Ice Co

Sch Corinna M Quinn, Rockland

Sch Ingrene Duncan, Rockland

Sch O Woodman

Sch Harriet Brooks, Bullock, New York, from Ashland Mfg Co

According to El Heraldo de Madrid, Don Pedro Veslle, a Spanish colonel in the Spanish army, has been compelled to stand on the street corners in that city and beg for alms that his wife and children may not starve. He commanded a regiment in Cuba, and having been severely wounded was invalided home.

Crowns of ancient times possessed about $20,000,000.

Substitution the fraud of the day. See you get Carter's, Ask for Carter's, Insist and demand Carter's Little Liver Pills.

[illegible]

Hong Kong, July 30. The British gunboat Plover has arrived here from Manila.

She reports that when she left Manila on Wednesday, July 27, the situation there was unchanged and the Americans had not yet attacked the city.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Roof of the New Boston Electric Light Plant Falls in, Killing Two Employes and Injuring Many Others.

Boston, July 30. Late this afternoon the roof of the new plant of the Edison Electric Lighting Co., in process of construction at the corner of L and West First streets, South Boston, collapsed, carrying down seven or eight men, who were working upon it. Morris Breen and James Sullivan, both laborers, were crushed by the timbers and probably instantly killed.

Breen's body was taken out of the ruins within a few minutes after the accident occurred, but it was found five hours later that of Sullivan's was recovered.

All the other workmen were more or less injured.

SPAIN HAS NOT ASKED AN ARMISTICE.

London, July 30. The Madrid correspondent of the Times says that according to a newspaper statement, Senor Gamazo, Spanish minister of public instruction and public works, said in the course of an interview in Madrid yesterday: "Spain has not asked an armistice or even a suspension of hostilities. Such would be tantamount to [illegible] the war. [illegible]"

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES

Pittsburg—Philadelphia 4; Pittsburg 3.

St. Louis—Boston game was postponed on account of rain.

Philadelphia—Cleveland 6, Baltimore [illegible].

Cincinnati—Brooklyn 5, Cincinnati 6.

Louisville—Louisville 5, New York 12.

NIBEN CLUB OUTING.

General Gathering of the Members on Tuesday Next.

There will be a general gathering of the members of the Niben Club, their families and friends at the club house on Tuesday next. As the moon will be full on that night, it is hoped that as many of the members as possible will attend.

Supper consisting of fish chowder, fried perch and pickerel, with beans baked in the bean hole, in addition to the regular supper will be served at six o'clock. At four who is unable to reach the club house at that hour will be able to secure a supper at any time.

The directors have arranged to have music continuously, both for dancing and entertainment. There will be boating and canoeing on the lake, dancing and card playing in the house and a general good time.

MAN MISSING.

An Oldtown report says that detectives have been searching the lumber camps and following the drives in the hope of finding Garfield Boomhauer, a young man who came from his home in Schoharie Centre, New York, late last fall, and was presumably hired out with a Bangor employment agent to go into the woods. He went into Bangor clothing shop in Bangor last October and purchased an outfit.

Last week Dennis Tracey visited the East Branch drive. From information received here Tracey is inclined to think that Boomhauer quit the drive July 9, saying he was going home to New York. The family has offered a reward.

The police arrested three or four fellows in Pickering square last night for drunkenness. It was a rather busy night for the officers, for some reason a number of convivial spirits breaking out at the same time. A woman was among the victims.

The Belfast Uniformed Rank, K. of P. had their choice in joining the ranks and decided in favor of the Second Regiment.

JOHNNIE AND HIS GUN.

One John Goff, of Portsmouth, N. H., and a little high dog revolver of 44 calibre figured in a cowboy display last evening. It was an all star aggregation for a time but Officer Mackie soon took centre of stage and Goff was unceremoniously hustled off to the station. Goff was firing the revolver in a saloon on Exchange street for amusement and to give the impression that he was a Spanish boat. The duffer and his gun had no terrors for the stalwart officer.

San Francisco, July 29. The third battalion, First South Dakota volunteers, and the Minnesota and Colorado recruits sailed today on the steamer St. Paul to join their comrades in the Philippines.

[illegible]

London, July 30. A special despatch from Madrid says: Though it is not likely that the government will decide to prolong the war because of Porto Rico, considerable feeling is manifested and every possible diplomatic effort will be made to retain it.

Apparently there is little objection to ceding a coaling station in the Philippines provided Spanish sovereignty is respected in the islands, which in the opinion of the government and official circles generally will afford compensation in commerce for the loss of the Antilles, beside procuring occupation for the West Indian army in reestablishing Spanish rule.

The American reply is still anxiously awaited. Judging from press opinion, anything beyond the cession of Cuba will be considered harsh and unjust. This is the unanimous feeling among even the strongest advocates of peace.

The people are beginning to realize that Cuban peace will mean almost a total loss of colonies and, looking to the delicate and difficult position of the Queen Regent, great care is still necessary to induce the nation to accept the terms.

The Carlist and republican papers are making the most of the situation, while many of the Catholic prelates decline to comply with orders from the Vatican to censure the Carlist agitation.

El Imparcial's Rome correspondent says the Pope is so displeased with this attitude of the priests that he has washed his hands of the whole affair.

According to El Liberal, the government would not allow even the loss of some of the Philippines, to hinder the conclusion of peace, because it is very doubtful whether the country would endorse.

TERRIBLE RUMORS FROM HAVANA.

London, July 30. The Havana correspondent of the Times in a letter dated June 10, paints a terrible picture of the despair that is falling upon the city in the absence of news from the outside world in face of the advancing prospect of famine and in the "daily watching for the Spanish fleet which never comes."

He says: "Wild rumors are afloat. The more timid people imagine all kinds of disasters and forced terrible things, while always a few tales off and steaming to and fro are the vessels of the blockading fleet with the intention, to starve Havana into submission, for that, apparently, is the safe and certain, if not very heroic American plan."

WILL COMBAT TO THE LAST.

London, July 30. The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The Spanish government will combat to the last against a cession of Porto Rico to the United States. It would much rather sacrifice one of the Philippines, contending that Porto Rico has always been loyal and outside the scope of the war."

LINEMAN ELECTROCUTED.

Boston, July 29. An employe of the New England Telephone Co., Frank Mack, 25 years old, while at work on Dorchester avenue, near West First street, this afternoon touched a live wire, receiving a severe shock, besides being terribly burned. He was taken to the city hospital where he died in a few hours.

SMITH GETS DECISION.

New York, July 29. After a hard fight which lasted 25 rounds, "Mysterious" Billy Smith was given a decision over George Green, of California, at the Lenox Athletic Club tonight. Smith was the stronger and better throughout the entire fight and outfought and outpointed his opponent in every round. Smith's work at close quarters was very good and he had Green's body very raw from his repeated blows on the ribs. Green received a severe hammering and lost a good deal of money on the result. George's face was badly used up at the finish, while Smith did not show a mark on face or body.

FAST TIME AT FAIRFIELD.

Fairfield, Me., July 29. Trotting here today closed out a good attendance to see exciting events. The track was in excellent condition and fast time was in order. The results:

2.24 class, trot and pace. Purse $100. Wm Mcdow, B; Ben Lithow, Gardiner; Fannie G., 3; G. W. Merrill, Pittsfield second; A. E. S., 3d, A. E. Sawyer, Waterville, third. Time 2.23¾.

2.28 class, trot or pace. Purse $100. Won by J. W. E., bk, F. N. Kimball, Biddeford; Suzel, bm, A. A. Littlefield, Waterville, second; Al Poynter, ch g, Hosea Waterville, third. Best time 2.23½.

Dr. Sawyer, of Waltham, John Stewart, of Unity, and C. S. Whitney, of Gardiner, acted as judges.

MRS. OPHELIA COLEMAN DEAD.

Washington, July 29. The state department has just received news of the death of Mrs. Ophelia Coleman, wife of the President of Liberia, at the executive mansion at Monrovia, June 24 last. She was a native of Arcoma and emigrated to Liberia in 1896 where she was married to President Coleman the following year.

REGULAR TRIPS WILL BE MADE.

Washington, July 29. The war department has received large numbers of complaints from persons all over the country of the non-receipt of mail from soldiers in Cuba.

The postmaster general has completed arrangements for regular trips for carrying the mail and will not depend as heretofore upon the irregular trips of transports. Mail deliveries, however, will be controlled by quarantine regulations, owing to the yellow fever.

ORDERED TO JOIN COMMAND.

Gibraltar, July 29. The Spanish cruiser Lepanto, now at Cartagena, has been ordered to join Admiral Camara's squadron, which has been at Cadiz since Wednesday. The cruiser Alfonso XIII is quite unfit for sea. She requires extensive alterations.

DON CARLOS MUST LEAVE.

Rome, July 29. The federal council of Switzerland, according to the newspapers, has intimated to Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, now at Lucerne, that he must leave the country in case he starts an agitation in Spain.

WE[ALTH] [illegible]

The "Rich" Ocean Gold Mine Down in Lubec Pans Out More Swindle Than Gold Dust.

GOOD MEN OUT OF WORK.

The Work of Constructing the Plant as Planned Calls for Expenditures Aggregating Half a Million, Now Likely a Dead Loss.

Lubec, Me., July 29. The Electrolytic Marine Salts Co., organized for the purpose of extracting gold from sea water, which has been brought into great prominence during the past few days on account of the alleged conduct of its vice president and general manager, Rev. P. J. Jernegan, in buying thousands of dollars worth of government securities just previous to his departure for Europe last week, suspended operations at the plant here today. Its force of 600 men have been discharged and no one connected with the plant can tell anything as to the future. The company was organized last year, and it is claimed that 2,400,000 shares of the stock have been disposed of.

The discharge of the men came as a surprise, as the work of construction as planned called for expenditures aggregating half a million. The men were informed that they would receive all wages due them. Those employed by the company get their money tonight, while those employed by contractor Shanahan will be paid Monday. The work is looked upon as likely to prove a dead loss owing to the fact that the plant is of such a nature that adaptability to other purposes is out of the question.

Superintendent Pierson made an examination of the accumulators today and it is said he found traces of gold as if adhering from previous experiments.

PRESIDENT RYAN MISSING.

Newburyport, Mass., July 29. President Ryan of the Electrolytic Marine Salts Co., who has an appointment at the home of director A. P. Sawyer tonight failed to show up. Mr. Sawyer, in the course of an interview, said: "I am now prepared for the worst and I am loth to believe that the plant is not what it has been represented. I shall place whatever money that comes to me through the medium of the company at the disposal of the stockholders. I have never directly advised anyone to invest in the stock, leaving it entirely to the judgment of the purchaser. Yet I propose to do what is possible to protect the interests of those who have placed money in the enterprise."

The directors have been active in the matter since suspicion appeared that something was wrong. Steps have been taken to apprehend T. J. Jernegan, the inventor of the secret process and he arrives at Havre. We expect that whatever money or bonds he has with him will be secured. In addition there is quite a sum on deposit in a Boston bank. Should events prove that fraud has been prosecuted, restitution will be made as far as possible.

IMPORTANT ORDERS ISSUED.

Washington, July 29. Two orders have been issued by the war department which are of importance to the sick and wounded troops and their friends. One authorizes those who have been furloughed from hospitals to report to the nearest government post instead of being compelled to report to the hospital from which they were furloughed. This will allow the soldiers to be transported from the nearest post to the regiments.

Another allows a man furloughed who has not been paid on account of his regiment being away in Cuba to go to the nearest quartermaster and obtain from him transportation to his home. The cost will be charged against him through the pay department of the army.

These two orders will allow soldiers on furlough to go home and return without the difficulty they have experienced heretofore.

HOW IT SPREADS.

People Are Talking All Over Bangor. This Report Comes from Jackson Street.

How it spreads,
Can't keep a "good thing" down.
Ever notice how good things are imitated?
Better the article, more imitators.
Fortunately, the people have a safeguard.
Praise can't be imitated.
True praise takes root and spreads.
Cures is one thing, proof another.
Proof is what the manufacturer says.
Proof is what the people say.
Bangor people say.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.
Cure all kidney ills.
Hundreds of citizens testify to this.
Here is a case in point.

Mr. J. Wentworth of No. 14 Jackson street, a Bangor citizen, says: "The benefit I derived from the use of two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills was incalculable. They cured my good, or pain across the small of my back. I had suffered for a long time. I endured a sharp pain, the trouble came on in sharp considerable about Doan's Kidney Pills in the Boston and Bangor papers, I thought I would try them and see if they would remove the trouble. I went to Mr. Warren's drug store and got a box and was surprised as soon as I took it. I took it a short time. I had not a vestige of pain. This is something that no sufferer will soon forget and it is the main reason why I wish others to know about Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name DOAN'S, and take no substitute.

-PITTSFIELD NEWS.

A Case of Assault and Battery Causes Excitement.

A Colored Man, "Pete," Found Guilty by the Court—Citizen Suffers Paralytic Shock—Notes of Interest.

(Special to the Whig and Courier.)

Pittsfield, July 28. A colored man, "Pete," who has given open air concerts near the postoffice for several evenings past in the interests of L. C. Hood & Co. of Boston, whose agents have been dispensing patent medicines to our citizens at different prices, was taken into custody last evening by Officer Corey and brought before Judge Bowden this morning on the charge of assault and battery. During the exhibitions of the last two evenings these parties had been interrupted by jeers and hisses of a few persons, for whose conduct the general public should not be held responsible. The prisoner stated that he was informed that Harry Surman, the complainant, took a leading or prominent part in the demonstrations of the evening. The evidence adduced by the State tended to show that the prisoner, accompanied by Dr. Peacock, the manager of the party, went to Ames' restaurant, Surman's boarding place, and entering his room engaged him in a heated discussion, after which he struck him in the face, dragged him from his bed and kicked him. Surman immediately donned his clothing and coming out on the street found Officer Corey, who took the prisoner in charge. After hearing all the evidence the court reserved decision until 1.30 o'clock this afternoon, when he found the prisoner guilty, imposing a fine of $3 and costs. An appeal was taken and bonds furnished for appearance at the September term of court. This is the first matter of a criminal nature that has been brought to the attention of the court for several months.

Mr. Ethan E. Maxwell suffered a severe paralytic shock yesterday afternoon, from which it was at first feared he would not recover. His many friends will be pleased to learn, however, that his condition is somewhat improved, and that his physicians now hope for his recovery.

Miss Ada G. Whitney of Frankfort, formerly stenographer in F. W. Hovey's law office, is in town for a few days visiting friends.

Governor Powers arrived in town on yesterday's train, accompanied by his family. They stopped at the Lancey House last night and this morning drove to West Pittsfield his childhood home, to visit his mother, Mrs. Abel Walker.

Albert Merrow and Bert Ryan, who have been home for a few days on a furlough, returned last night to battery D, at Augusta.

Gordon McTaggert, who left this place last winter for the Klondike region, returned on the Pullman this morning. He left town on the forenoon train for St. Albans to join his family, who are visiting relatives there.

MRS. PORTER COMMENDS THE RED CROSS SOCIETY.

New York, July 29. The Red Cross relief steamer State of Texas, commanded by Capt. Young, arrived at quarantine at noon today from Santiago. The State of Texas has a crew of 30 men and brings Mrs. Porter, wife of the President's private secretary, who volunteered as a Red Cross nurse, Sister Blanche, one of the Red Cross staff of nurses, and four Red Cross surgeons, G. R. Ball, Charles Doherty and H. Lightstone.

Mrs. Porter was seen on board the State of Texas. She said:

"I aided in the landing and the distribution of the Red Cross stores at Santiago. I went ashore and visited the hospitals and visited the battlefields where our soldiers fought and died. I cannot speak too highly of the magnificent work done by the Red Cross Society at the front. I feel that without its aid numbers of our brave men would have died from lack of medicines and other necessaries."

The State of Texas has the distinction of being the first vessel to enter the harbor of Santiago after its surrender. Gen. Shafter, with Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley, visited Miss Barton on July 17 and ordered that the State of Texas be permitted to enter the harbor. Miss Barton and her staff disembarked at Santiago and proceeded to carry out the work of relief to the sick and wounded and also to assist the reconcentrados. The State of Texas left Santiago on July 21 and experienced very pleasant weather throughout. On arrival at quarantine the State of Texas was boarded by Health Officer Doty, who inspected the steamer and her crew. All being well on board, she was permitted to proceed to her dock at pier 19, East river.

Johanna Nord, the stewardess of the State of Texas, who was suffering from a high fever and seasickness, was removed to Hoffman Island.

The State of Texas brought two bags of mail from the U. S. cruiser Brooklyn, which she met off Santiago.

PHILIPPINES THE STICKER.

Washington, July 29. It was stated tonight in a high diplomatic quarter, in such a manner as to give semi-official character to the expression, that American control or supervision of the Philippines was an indispensable condition laid down as the basis for peace negotiations. It was certain that the Spanish government would not accede to this condition, but would sooner prefer to continue the war. As to the other peace conditions understood to have been decided on by the cabinet today those who are best able to judge the disposition of the Spanish government feel that while these terms are hard, yet they do not present any insurmountable barrier to the speedy restoration of peace, and while there is no authority for saying Spain would accept these terms and retire from Cuba and Porto Rico, there is every indication that Spain would yield rather than continue a disastrous war. But the future of the Philippines appears to be of as much concern to the Spanish government as it is to the American cabinet and there is even greater confidence on the continuance of Spanish sovereignty over this group than there is over Cuba and Porto Rico.

It is also said that the failure to demand a money indemnity would be appreciated by the Spanish authorities as an act of noble generosity by the victors and that will in part reconcile the government to a compliance with the other terms laid down.

EXCITING RACES AT DOVER.

Dover, N. H., July 29. Today witnessed the closest, most exciting racing held at Granite State track. The 2.13 trot, left over from yesterday, required 8 heats to complete. Winners:

2.13 trot, purse $500 (unfinished yesterday), Harry Plummer, dam unraced (Geville), won; Bingen, second; J. M. D., third. Best time 2.12¼.

2.10 trot, purse $500, Little Dick first; Harry Plummer, dam unraced (Geville) won; Tenbrel, second; Ben H, third. (Best time 2.10¼.)

2.10 trot, purse $500, Nicolas won; Much Ado, second; Dolly D., third. Best time 2.12¼.

2.10 trot, purse $500 (unfinished), Alcydalia, Brilliant, two heats; Cavalier Jack, all, two heats; Lottie Valley, one heat. Best time 2.11½.

STEAMBOATS.

SUMMER TIME TABLE. Bucksport and Camden STEAMBOAT LINE.

On and after June 10, 1898, steamer M and M, W. D. Dunnett, captain, will leave Bucksport at 7.45 A. M., or on arrival of morning train from Bangor, Sandy Point, 8.15; Fort Point, 8.30; Belfast (Lewis wharf), 10.05; Northport, 10.30; Temple Heights, 11.00; Ar. Camden (Whittemore's wharf), 12.15 p. m.

Returning leave Camden (Whittemore's wharf), 2.30 p. m.; Temple Heights, 1.45; Northport, 2.00; Belfast (Lewis wharf), 2.30; Fort Point, 4.05; Sandy Point, 4.30. Arrive Bucksport, 5.30, connecting with 6.15 train for Bangor.

Connections: At Belfast with 10.05 train from Burnham and with 3.45 train for Burnham; at Camden with Electric road for Rockport, Rockland and Thomaston; at Rockland with steamer Gov. Bodwell for Vinalhaven, Hurricane Isle and Stonington, and with steamer Vinalhaven for Vinalhaven, Stonington, and Swan's Island, and steamer Silvia for North Haven. Connections made at Belfast with steamer Silver Star for Castine, Islesboro and West Brooksville. When half-hour electric car is run from Camden connections are made with 1.45 M. C. train from Rockland. Tickets sold on steamer M and M over M. C. R. R. to Bangor.

During the ten days of meetings at Temple Heights there will be a reduction in fares from all landings.

Commencing Saturday, July 9, steamer M and M will make an extra trip to Northport, leaving Bucksport on arrival of 6 p. m. train from Bangor, and Monday morning leave Northport at 5 a. m., connecting at Bucksport with train for Bangor. During campmeeting week at Northport the usual low rate of fare from all landings.

Boston & Bangor Steamship Co

SUMMER SERVICE, 1898.

Early Arrivals and Late Departures.

Commencing Friday, June 24th, 1898, Steamers "Penobscot" and "City of Bangor" will leave Bangor alternately.

For Boston, via Winterport, Bucksport, Belfast Northport, Camden and Rockland, daily except Sunday, Mondays at 12.00 noon, other days at 2.00 P. M.

For Hampden and Searsport, Mondays at 12.00 noon, Thursdays and Saturdays at 2.00 P. M.

RETURNING

From Boston, daily except Sunday at 5.00 P. M.

From Rockland at 5.00 A. M., daily except Monday, via Camden, Northport, Belfast, Bucksport and Winterport; and due to arrive at Bangor at 10.30 to 12.30 A. M.

From Searsport at 6.30 A. M. and Hampden Tuesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.

HENRY T. SANBORN, Agent, Bangor.

CALVIN AUSTIN, Gen. Supt., Boston.

WILLIAM H. HILL, General Manager, Boston

Bangor & Bar Harbor STEAMBOAT CO.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1898,

IN EFFECT MAY 3.

Three Trips per Week.

STEAMER CIMBRIA

Will leave Bangor at 7.30 a. m. every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, for Bar Harbor and way landings.

RETURNING,

Will leave Bar Harbor at 7 a. m. every Monday Wednesday and Friday.

MEALS SERVED.

GEO. H. BARBOUR, Pres.

H. W. BARBOUR, Manager.

HUGHES' POINT, ISLESBORO, CASTINE and BANGOR

DAILY ROUTE.

New Steamboat Route.

Beginning Saturday July 2, 1898,

STEAMER TREMONT

will leave Bangor every Saturday at 3 P. M., and every other week day at 2.30 for all river landings and Castine, Islesboro and Hughes' Point. Returning leave Hughes' Point every Monday at 5 A. M., and every other week day at 6 A. M., touching at Ryder's Cove, 6.15 A. M.; Castine, 6.45 A. M.; Fort Point, 7.30 A. M.; Sandy Point, 7.45 A. M.; arriving at Bangor 10 A. M.

Special reduced rates and excursion ticket for this steamer.

Geo. H. Barbour, Pres.

H. W. Barbour, Gen. Mgr.

Bangor and Portland Line.

Bangor . . to . . Portland

FARE $2

Round Trip $3.50

Steamer Salacia leaves Bangor, (Dole & Fogg's wharf) every Monday and Thursday at 5 A. M., for Winterport, Bucksport, Belfast, Northport, Camden, Rockland, Squirrel Island and Portland; returning, Tuesdays and Saturdays, about 7 P. M.

Connections at Squirrel Island for Boothbay Harbor, Heron Island, Christmas Cove and Pemaquid.

Freight rates low to and from all points.

Bangor Agent, HARRY W. LUNT.

[illegible] where meats, fish, vegetables are always best of their kinds; where neatness and cleanliness are always in evidence; where orders are promptly filled and promptly delivered; and where prices are never too high. Ours is a good market.

Fickett's Market,

12 Broad St.

WORMS

In Children or Adults. The safest and most effectual remedy made is

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

In use 46 years. 35c. Ask your Druggist for it. Dr. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

LAST EXPEDITION SAILS.

Newport News, July 29. The auxiliary cruiser St. Paul, the last of the transports of the Porto Rico expedition from this port, did not get away until daybreak this morning. The fourth Ohio is aboard the St. Paul which will easily overtake the other ships by tomorrow. All of the troops of the second expedition, under command of Gen. Fred Grant, have arrived in the city except the 160th Indiana, which is due here tomorrow.

RAILROADS.

Maine Central Railroad.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect June 27, 1898.

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows:

GOING EAST.

4.30 A. M.—For Vanceboro, St. Stephen, Aroostook County, St. John and the Provinces, Pullman Car for St. John.

10.30 A. M.—For all B. & A. R. R. points.

7.00 A. M.—For Oldtown and Mattawamkeag.

3.20 P. M.—Express for Oldtown, Lincoln, Mattawamkeag, Danforth, Vanceboro, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton and Woodstock, St. John and Halifax.

3.25 P. M.—For all Aroostook County points.

4.50 P. M.—For Oldtown and [illegible]ville.

6.30 P. M.—For Oldtown and Mattawamkeag.

Additional locals to Oldtown and way stations leave Bangor, 8.30, 11.20 A. M., 1.10, 2.15, 5.30, 9.00 (daily) P. M. [illegible] 9.00 A. M. Sundays only.

GOING WEST.

7.00 A. M.—For all points West, connecting at Newport for Dover and Foxcroft, Burnham for Belfast, at Waterville for Oakland, Winthrop, Lewiston, Farmington, Rangeley, Rumford Falls, Bemis.

9.40 A. M.—Express to Waterville, Augusta, Brunswick, Portland and Boston, White Mountains and Quebec. Parlor car for Boston.

12.10 P. M.—Mixed, Waterville and Belfast.

1.30 P. M.—Flying Yankee, for Newport, Dover and Foxcroft, Moosehead Lake, Belfast, Waterville, Augusta, Portland, Boston, White Mountains, Montreal and Chicago, Lancaster, Quebec. Parlor car to Boston.

4.35 P. M.—For Dover and Foxcroft and Greenville, Waterville.

8.00 P. M.—Every night for Augusta, Portland and Boston, Lewiston and Bath. Sleeping cars to Boston.

12.50 A. M.—Express for Portland, Boston, with sleeping cars attached.

Night trains between Bar Harbor, Bangor and Boston, run every night, Sundays included.

Additional locals to Bangor and way stations leave Oldtown 6.25, 11.[illegible] A. M., 1.30, 2.20, 3.55, 7.00 (daily) [illegible] 12.02 night and on Sundays 7.30 A. M.

BUCKSPORT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Bucksport 6.55 A. M., 11.50 A. M., 4.40 P. M., 6.45 P. M. Saturdays only. Arrive Bucksport, 7.55 A. M., connecting with the steamer M. & M. for Sandy Point, Fort Point, Belfast, Northport, Temple Heights and Camden, 1.05 and 5.35 P. M., and 7.45 P. M. Saturdays. Leave Bucksport for Bangor 6.[illegible] A. M., 3.00, 6.15 P. M., and at 5.[illegible] Mondays only. Arrive in Bangor [illegible] A. M., 4.10 and 7.15 P. M., and on Mondays at 6.50 A. M.

MT. DESERT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Bar Harbor, Sullivan, Sorrento at 5.05 and 10.00 A. M., 3.15 and 4.45 P. M., for Mt. Desert Ferry, 7.35 A. M. (mixed). Leave Ellsworth, 6.19 and 11.24 A. M., 4.20 and 6.50 P. M. (daily).

Leave Bar Harbor at 7.00, 10.30 A. M., 3.50, 8.45 P. M. (daily). Leave Mt. Desert Ferry at 7.50, 11.20 A. M., 1.[illegible] (mixed), 4.40 and 9.45 P. M. (daily). Leave Ellsworth at 8.20, 11.55 A. M., 1.32 P. M. (mixed), 6.18 and 10.20 P. M. (daily). Arrive, Bangor, 9.30 A. M., 1.10 P. M., 3.45 (mixed) 6.40 and 11.[illegible] P. M.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

5.05 A. M.—Bar Harbor, Sullivan, Sorrento.

8.15 A. M.—For Bar Harbor, Sullivan and Sorrento.

8.25 A. M.—For Portland and Boston.

11.35 A. M.—For Bar Harbor.

4.45 P. M.—Bar Harbor, Sullivan, Sorrento.

8.00 P. M.—Portland, Boston, connecting for Bath and Lewiston. Pullman sleeping car attached.

12.50 A. M.—Express Portland Boston.

ARRIVALS.

Through trains from the East at 12.30 A. M., 1.00 P. M. [illegible] From Mattawamkeag 9.25 A. M. [illegible] A. M., 8.25, 6.30 P. M. From [illegible]ville 9.25 A. M. B. & A. R. R. 1.[illegible] 7.20 P. M.

From the West—Arrive from Boston and Portland 4.15, 4.55 A. M., [illegible] and 3.00, 4.30, 6.20 P. M. [illegible] Waterville and from Dover and Foxcroft with Dexter 8.50 and 11.20 A. M. Sunday paper train 11.30 A. M.

GEO. F. EVANS,

Vice Pres. and General Manager.

F. E. BOOTHBY,

General Pass. and Ticket Agent.

June 23, 1898.

Bangor & Aroostook RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect Monday, June 21, 1898

Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars between Caribou and Bangor on train leaving Caribou at 6.40 A. M., and Bangor at 3.25 P. M.

Until further notice trains will [leave] Bangor as follows:

6.30 A. M.—For and arriving at Lagrange at 7.43 A. M., Milo 8.05 A. M., Brownville 8.16 A. M., Katahdin Iron Works 8.45 A. M., Norcross 9.07 A. M., Sherman 10.07 A. M., Island Falls [illegible] A. M., Smyrna Mills 11.00 A. M., Weeksboro 11.20 A. M., Masardis [illegible] P. M., Ashland 12.25 P. M., [illegible] 11.25 A. M., Presque Isle 1.02 P. M., Caribou 1.30 P. M., Fort Fairfield [illegible] P. M., Dover 8.35 A. M., Guilford [illegible] A. M., Monson Junction 9.05 A. M., Greenville 10.00 A. M.

3.25 P. M.—For and arriving at Greenville 4.44 P. M., Norcross 5.46 P. M., Sherman 6.36 P. M., Island Falls [illegible] P. M., Houlton 7.45 P. M., Presque Isle [illegible] 9.35 P. M., Caribou 9.40 P. M., [illegible] Fairfield 9.35 P. M.

4.50 P. M.—For and arriving at Lagrange 5.58 P. M., Milo 6.25 P. M., Brownville 6.35 P. M., Katahdin Iron Works 7.10 P. M., Dover 6.40 P. M., Guilford 7.05 P. M., Monson Junction [illegible] 7.20 P. M., Blanchard 7.38 P. M., Greenville 8.10 P. M.

ARRIVALS.

9.25 A. M.—Leaving Greenville at 5.[illegible] A. M., Monson Junction 6.55 A. M., Guilford 7.12 A. M., Dover 7.28 A. M., Katahdin Iron Works 6.20 A. M., Brownville 7.25 A. M., Milo 7.40 A. M., Lagrange 8.15 A. M.

1.07 P. M.—Leave Caribou 6.40 A. M., Presque Isle 7.06 A. M., Fort Fairfield 6.45 A. M., Houlton 8.35 A. M., Ashland 7.30 A. M., Masardis 7.55 A. M., Weeksboro 8.33 A. M., Smyrna Mills 8.53 A. M., Island Falls 9.27 A. M., Sherman 9.48 A. M., Norcross 10.45 A. M., Brownville 11.37 A. M.

7.20 P. M.—Leaving Greenville 3.50 P. M., Monson Junction 4.55 P. M., Guilford 5.02 P. M., Dover 5.20 P. M., Caribou 12.10 P. M., Presque Isle 12.38 P. M., Fort Fairfield 12.15 P. M., Houlton 2.15 P. M., Island Falls 3.12 P. M., Sherman 3.40 P. M., Norcross 4.40 P. M., Katahdin Iron Works 3.40 P. M., Brownville 6.40 P. M., Milo 5.48 P. M., Lagrange 6.10 P. M.

GEO. M. HOUGHTON,

Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent.

F. W. CRAM, Vice Pres't and Gen'l Mgr.

Bangor, Me., June 21, 1898.

MRS. A. G. BLAISDELL

Chiropodist, Manicure and Shampooist.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

Mrs. A. G. Blaisdell wishes to announce to her patrons that she has removed to No. 14 Clark street, just above Y. M. C. A. building. All orders will be promptly attended to. Office hours 11 to 1 o'clock and from 5 to 7 o'clock.

[illegible] RETURNED?

C. Clarence Wayne Graduall[y] but Surely Turning the Tide of Skepticism.

ORDAINED TO DO WHAT HE DOES.

His Marvelous Achievements Demonstrated in Your Presence While You Look, Listen and Wonder.

"Ye Olden Prophets in Olden Times. From Whence Did This Man Come?"

[illegible]

Sales, Trades, Changes, Journeys.

[illegible]

WONDERS NEVER CEASE. A FEW WORDS TO THE SICK.

[illegible] permanently cures Rheumatism, Nervousness, Hysteria, Kidney, Bladder, Liver and Stomach troubles, Catarrh and Gastritis, Diseases of the Brain, Heart, Nerves and Lungs, Catarrh, Deafness, Hay Fever, Old Sores, Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Blood, Muscles and Nervous System, and all diseases of the human race without surgical operation. [illegible] Beware of impostors who claim to be as good or equal to him.

If in Trouble, see the best.

WAYNE—and only WAYNE—the marvel of two hemispheres.

25 MIDDLE ST.

Twice a year the Caspian overflows and strands millions of fish—sufficient to feed the whole of Central Asia, if advantage could be taken of these immense resources given by nature.

Monday Sept 19, 1898

WHAT IS YOUR FORTUNE

A woman's hand tells the tale! If it is smooth and white, it shows she uses her head to save her hands—that she uses

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

to do her cleaning. If her hand is rough, wrinkled and shrunken, it shows she is still using the old soap and soda combination. Why don't you use Gold Dust Washing Powder?

Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

HAS THE [illegible] RETURNED?

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His Marvelous Achievements Demonstrated in Your Presence While You Look, Listen and Wonder.

"Ye Olden Prophets In Olden Times, From Whence Did This Man Come?"

Professional men and women are awe stricken, the less educated look, listen and wonder, the public in general are dumfounded—speechless.

Some say miraculous. Had he been born in the time of superstition his work would have been classed a little less than miracles. C. Clarence Wayne claims no tricks whatever. One word—he accomplishes all he claims if not no charge is made.

Sales, Trades, Changes, Journeys.

Do you anticipate a sale, a trade, a change or journey? Are you going to purchase or build? Do you think of investing in some business enterprise? Are you looking for financial aid? Have you a confidential friend whom you trust, think of joining partners? Be careful and cautious and remember the value of a few dollars and the old reliable saying "A bird in the hand worth two in the bush." Your mind may be unsettled, don't know what to do. You see and still cannot see the results. You may be right, you may be wrong. At this critical period your life means either advancement, losses or remorse. A little advice from a reliable source would guide you successfully in your movements, save you many dollars, guard you against all schemes, tricks or unlawful proceedings of the sharp, shrewd and oily tongued schemer. Once more C. CLARENCE WAYNE looms up in the distance and warns you of your signature, foretells the unforeseen danger, and leads you out of the web weaved for you by your influential friend.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE.

A FEW WORDS TO THE SICK.

Are you sick? Do you know what the trouble is? Do the Doctors know? Can they cure you? C. Clarence Wayne works wonders amongst suffering humanity. The lame walk, the deaf hear, the sick recover, paralyzed limbs take on new life. Disease which prominent physicians give up in despair cured permanently under Wayne's wonderful treatment. DOCTORS ALARMED when they see their patients walking the streets. They may and try to denounce, but demonstration is positive proof. Thousands of sufferers, now well and strong, go forth to sing, spreading the glad news amongst their fellow sufferers. In this world of advancement there arise great doubts as to the different treatments of subduing the most obstinate diseases of humanity. Every year new cures, new treatments come forth. Some are beneficial, some worthless. The sick, anxious to recover, invest their little savings with hope of recovery. But alas! A little relief while undergoing the treatments. That's all, and the same disease comes forth more obstinate, more violent, only to torture and wreck the lives of the unfortunate. Why suffer and be unwell? Probably you think you have tried, tried and tried, until you are tired. You must take courage; don't give up in despair. Consult C. CLARENCE WAYNE, who tells what the trouble is without your speaking a word. He positively and permanently cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Hysteria, Insomnia, Kidney, Bladder, Liver and Spinal Diseases, Catarrh and Gastritus of the Stomach, Diseases of the Brain, Eye, Ear, Nose and Lungs, Catarrhal Deafness, Hay Fever, Old Sores, Lingual Consumption, Diseases of the Blood, Muscles and Nervous System, and all diseases of the human race without surgery or manipulation. Go and consult this wonderful man who is curing some of the most obstinate cases of disease right in your vicinity daily. No matter what others are or have been, he is exactly as he represents himself. Beware of impostors who claim to be as good or equal to him.

If In Trouble, see the best.
WAYNE—and only WAYNE—the marvel of two hemispheres.

25 MIDDLE ST.

LIVE TOPICS.

The late Marquis of Exeter was Custos Rotulorum of the Soke of Peterborough.

Frederick C. Sayles, the first mayor of Pawtucket, R. I., offered to present to the city a free library in memory of his wife, Deborah Cook Sayles, and has purchased a $22,500 site for the building.

Lieutenant J. G. Mason Blunt, of the 3d United States Cavalry and now Assistant Quartermaster General, served with Don Carlos in the Carlist wars of 1873-77 and gives rather a more favorable view of the pretender's character than that generally accepted. "He is one of the most sympathetic leaders I ever saw, is much beloved by his followers and is one of the most gracious and graceful men I ever saw," he says. In these particulars he is a typical Bourbon. He has the happy faculty of putting at ease any one brought into his presence, and can say and do exactly the right thing at the right time. I saw him under fire a number of times during the war, and can testify to his personal bravery. I saw much of him at the siege of Bilbao, and always found him an impartial executive and a lovable and courageous general."

St. John's College, Fordham, has conferred the honorary degree of M. A. on Martin H. Glynn, managing editor of the Albany Times-Union.

A writer in the London Church Gazette tells this story about Mr. Gladstone: "I happened to be in a church one Sunday morning when Mr. Gladstone came in; it was a church he attended very rarely, so he was quite unexpected. He had much difficulty in finding a seat, for it was a free and open church and apt to crowd up dreadfully. A curate (one whom we all loved, but whose fate was not preaching) happened to be in the pulpit, and caught sight of the Prime Minister as he hurried and looked around for a chair. It was almost his first sermon, and, nervous before, this quite upset him. This Mr. Gladstone quickly perceived, and picking up his hat and umbrella, he scurried to the top of the church, and finding a seat among the children, sat through the whole of a long sermon with his hand to his ear, paying the most marked attention to every word. This gave the curate—I am sorry to say he is since dead—more courage, for after the service Mr. Gladstone took an opportunity of thanking him."

Deibler, the French executioner, is about to take his retiring pension. He is, however, very anxious about his successor.

Like Cato, who in his 80th year began to learn Greek, Lord Dufferin, who has passed the limits of threescore years and ten, thinks it is really time he knew something about Persian. He has accordingly set himself the task of adding that poetic and figurative language to his already large store of linguistic accomplishments.

THE MOODY DRY GOODS COMPANY

[illegible] GREATEST SALE [illegible]

FOR THE SALE OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

AN EXTRA FORCE OF CLERKS ENGAGED IN THIS DEPARTMENT FOR THAT DAY

SO THAT THERE WILL BE NO LONG WAITS FOR THOSE WHO WISH TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Saturday has always been a great day at our store for the sale of gents' furnishings, but tomorrow will be the greatest Saturday we ever had on this line of goods. We have an immense stock of gents' furnishing goods of all kinds, shirts, neckties, collars, cuffs, underwear, etc., of great variety on which we have cut prices during this great sale on many articles to one-half former cost.

Don't miss this never to be repeated opportunity. No matter whether you want summer or winter goods, we have a big stock of both.

Our winter underwear is on the third floor and is going fast. They can't help go at the prices we sell for. It will pay you to supply all your future needs from our stock now.

THE MOODY DRY GOODS CO.,
31 Main St., Bangor, Maine.

[illegible] NEWS.

Edward Larsen has taken a good position with the Public Works Co.

On Friday Pearl & Dehuett sold the lot of land on Forest avenue owned by J. F. Crowley and situated north of Mr. Crowley's residence, to Leroy R. Frank.

The summer school for Sunday school teachers will open at Northport tomorrow and will continue through Aug. 13.

The reunion of the 14th Maine regiment association will be held at Long Island on August 2-3.

It is expected that the August criminal term of the Supreme Judicial Court which convenes on the 9th will be a long one, as many cases are on the docket.

M. C. Foster of Waterville, the contractor of the building of the Bangor House addition, has completed his work several days ahead of the contract date, August 1. On Friday J. N. V. Lane began wiring the addition for call bells.

The paving on Railroad street is completed with the exception of the square at the foot of the street which will soon be finished. This is the only paving that will be done his year.

The trolley wire of the B. O. & O. railway broke at the water works last evening at 8 o'clock and the running of cars had to be suspended until 11 o'clock when the necessary repairs were completed.

The many friends of Mrs. M. P. C. Withers will be pained to learn of her death, which occurred on Friday, following very closely that of her husband, who died last week. The funeral services will be held on Sunday at 3 P. M. at the First M. E. church.

The Dudley bridge has been repaired and put in good condition. Bullseye bridge, between Ohio street and Valley avenue, is closed to teams while repairs are in progress.

A large number of persons went to Riverside park on Friday afternoon and evening, taking a cool and pleasant ride in the heated atmosphere and attending an excellent entertainment at the park. Riverside is proving very popular with people this summer.

The large portrait of Admiral Dewey which recently hung in front of Shaw & Eldridge's paint shop on Hammond street, has been presented by that firm to Turnkey Bragdon of the jail, who has placed it in the office of County Treasurer Stubbs, in the court house. The portrait is a skillful piece of work and was painted by Mr. Page, employed by Shaw & Eldridge.

GARLAND MAN FOUND DEAD.

George F. Crowell, who went from Garland six years ago, was found dead alongside the railroad track at Menominee, Mich., Monday morning with a bullet hole in his neck. His revolver was found 80 feet away. Suicide is doubted, as several parties living in the vicinity heard loud talking and several shots late the previous evening. Crowell is said to be of wealthy parentage.

The Second regiment, Knights of Pythias, U. R. Col. H. D. Stewart, has received the addition of the Belfast company, which has been one of the First regiment K. of P. This makes the 12th company in the command. Formerly the First regiment had the greater number of companies, but now the membership is more evenly divided, the First having thirteen companies. The addition of the Belfast company to the Second regiment will make that regiment undoubtedly the stronger of the two in Maine.

ROYAL PURPLE DEGREE.

This evening the degree team of Jeptha encampment, Odd Fellows, of Augusta, will visit Katahdin encampment in Bangor to work the Royal Purple degree. The Augusta Odd Fellows, about twenty in number, will come to town on the afternoon train, and will be quartered at the Bangor Exchange. With them will come Frank L. Pond, grand chief patriarch, of Augusta, and Horace Loveland, grand junior warden, of Waterville. The party will be met at the Maine Central station by Frank J. Temple, Charles D. Page and C. H. Gerald, a reception committee appointed from Katahdin encampment. After supper they will proceed to Odd Fellows' hall, where the degree work will at once begin. The Royal Purple degree is the highest step in the encampment branch of Odd Fellowship. After this special meeting of the encampment, there will be a supper in the banquet hall. Music will be furnished by the visitors, who will bring an orchestra with them. The members of the Jeptha team will return to their homes on Sunday. Mr. Pond, the grand chief patriarch, will pass Sunday here and will, on Monday, go into Aroostook for an inspection of the lodges in that county.

Miss Freese and Miss Helen Freese are at Northport, the guests of their cousin, Miss Katherine Jellison.

Mrs. Sarah Mudgett, of Dexter, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Mudgett on West Broadway.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

ENTRIES FOR EXETER RACES.

The following is a list of entries for the August race meeting to be held at the fair grounds, Exeter, on Thursday and Friday, August 4th and 5th.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 10 A. M.
Ladies carriage race, trot and pace, purse $25.00.

Madam Watchmaker, bm, by Watchmaker, Mrs. F. A. Gilbert, Bangor.
Leec blkg, Miss Esther A. Prescott, Clinton.
Lobster, chg, by Joe Howe, Mrs. N. F. Woodcock, Ripley.
High Land, blkh, by Lord Russell, Miss Esther A. Prescott, Clinton.

Farmer's race, trot and pace, 3-m. class, purse $25.00.

Lady Nelson, bm, by Oddmark, F. A. Gilbert, Bangor.
Crescent, bg, by Lothair Jr., J. W. Leathers, Exeter.
Lady L., bm, by Ervin M., J. C. Lancaster, Dexter.
Lobster, chg, by Joe Howe, F. W. Hill, Exeter.
Highland, blkh, by Lord Russell, F. W. Hill, Exeter.
Alfreda, gm, by Action, S. J. Ridlon, Stetson.
Frank D., bg, W. S. Reynolds, Brooks.
Alsu tan, brh, by Sultan, J. H. Manter, Guilford.
Dancy Pat, bg, by Gideon, Eli Moulton, Unity.
Dot L., bm, by Judge Merrill, L. A. Littlefield, Dexter.
Caldwell, bg, by Nelson, C. H. Nelson, Waterville.
Green F., brg, by Greenfield, E. McKinney, Bangor.

2.50 class, trot and pace, purse $130.00.

Alexis, bg, by Harbinger, A. R. Buck, Orland.
Lady Nelson, bm, by Oddmark, F. A. Gilbert, Bangor.
Lady L., bm, by Ervin M., J. C. Lancaster, Dexter.
Gray Wilkes, gh, by Mambrino Wilkes, E. C. Moody, Brooks.
Tony Belmont, bg, by Belmont, Hill Farm, Exeter.
Folly, bg, by Von Moltk, F. H. Berry, Rockland.
Lady Dustmont, blkm, by Dustmont, C. G. Andrews, Bangor.
Scott, bg, by Edgemark, C. G. Andrews, Bangor.
Eva May, bm, by Warrener, James Dealey, Hartland.
Jen F., brm, by Mack F., Henry Davis, Oldtown.
Frank D., bg, W. S. Reynolds, Brooks.
Miss Ivywood, gm, by Ivywood, J. H. Manter, Guilford.
J. W. E., blkg, by Constman, N. E. Kimball, Biddeford.
Maud Nelson, chm, by Nelson, C. H. Nelson, Waterville.
Geo. D., bg, by Nelson, C. H. Nelson, Waterville.
Caldwell, bg, by Nelson, C. H. Nelson, Waterville.
Speculation, bg, by Ervin M., P. A. Dillingham, Orrington.
Green F., brg, by Greenfield, E. McKinney, Bangor.
Sebasticook, brg, by Eolus, Buker Bros., Hartland.
Rex Wilkes, blkg, by Johnnie Wilkes, Chas. Dustin, Pittsfield.
Don J., bg, by G. C. Edwards, Fairfield.
Howard, blkg, by Hyronamus, L. E. Judkins, Ellsworth.

2.24 class, trot and pace, purse $100.00.

Camille, bm, by Harbinger, A. R. Buck, Orland.
Gouse Boy, brg, by Charles Wilkes, A. K. Libby, Hartland.
Early Bird Jr., brh, by Early Bird, L. B. Hanson, Bangor.
Lillie Wilkes, brm, by Wilkes, F. H. Berry, Rockland.
St. Patrick, chg, by Joe Howe, F. H. Berry, Rockland.
Meader Boy, bg, by Pickering, S. J. Meader, Gardiner.
Rodigo, brg, by Rockfeller, Henry Davis, Oldtown.
Gladys M., brm, by Ervin M., E. F. Melvin, Exeter.
Laundryman, gg, by Gideon, E. F. Melvin, Exeter.
King Pin, gh, by Broadway, C. A. Lane, Brooks.
Winsom, gg, by Diamond Prince, N. E. Kimball, Biddeford.
Fauntleroy, chh, by Albrino, H. G. Parshley, Dexter.
Harry P., bg, by Hyronamus, L. E. Judkins, Ellsworth.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 5, AT 10 A. M.
Ladies' Race to Bicycle Sulkey, 2.33 Class, Trot and Pace, Purse $100.

Harry Clay, chg, by Franklin, Mrs. E. T. Lord, Charleston.
Tony Belmont, bg, by Belmont, Miss Esther A. Prescott, Clinton.
Electra, bm, by Buy Rolfe, Mrs. N. F. Woodcock, Ripley.
Maggie Hosford, brm, by Brown Rolfe, Mrs. H. E. Meader, Gardiner.

2.39 Class, Trot and Pace, Purse $100.

Alexis, bg, by Harbinger, A. R. Buck, Orland.
Lady L., bm, by Ervin M., J. C. Lancaster, Dexter.
C. H. Nelson, brg, by Nelson, Hill Farm, Exeter.
Tony Belmont, bg, by Belmont, Hill Farm, Exeter.
Folly, bg, by Von Moltk, F. H. Berry, Rockland.
Lady Dustmont, blkm, by Dustmont, C. G. Andrews, Bangor.
Scott, bg, by Edgemark, C. G. Andrews, Bangor.
Cyclone, chg, by Hartland, G. B. Gilbert, Brewer.
Ninety-Three, chg, by Daniel Burr, E. M. & B. H. James, Springfield.
Gazelle, bm, by Nelson, A. A. Littlefield, Waterville.
Jen F., brm, by Mack F., Henry Davis, Oldtown.
Frank D., bg, W. S. Reynolds, Brooks.
Miss Ivywood, gm, by Ivywood, J. H. Manter, Guilford.
Charlie Wilkes, brg, G. C. Edwards, Fairfield.
J. W. E., blkg, by Constman, N. E. Kimball, Biddeford.
Silkey, chm, by Nelson, C. H. Nelson, Waterville.
Turnstine, blkh, by Wilkes, C. H. Nelson, Waterville.
Expectation, bm, by Ervin M., B. B. Merrill, Brewer.
Hoshi, blkg, by Hyronamus, L. E. Judkins, Ellsworth.
Green F., brg, by Greenfield, E. McKinney, Bangor.
Sebasticook, brg, by Eolus, Buker Bros., Hartland.

2.29 Class, Trot and Pace, Purse $100.

Green F., by Greenfield, E. McKinney, Bangor.
Miss May Dawn, bm, by Day Dawn, I. F. Grant, Frankfort.
Electra, bm, by Buy Rolfe, W. E. Smith, Exeter.
Peter Q., chg, by Achilles, L. Q. Tyler, Rockland.
C. H. Nelson, brg, by Nelson, Hill Farm, Exeter.
John L., bg, by Zampa, J. W. Leathers, Exeter.
Gladys M., brm, by Ervin M., E. F. Melvin, Exeter.
Laundryman, gg, by Gideon, E. F. Melvin, Exeter.
Meader Boy, bg, by Pickering, S. J. Meader, Gardiner.
King Pin, gh, by Broadway, C. A. Lane, Brooks.
Impudence, roh, by Forward, J. H. Manter, Guilford.
Pilot Morrill, bg, by Black Pilot, M. S. Goodrich, Waterville.
Guy Linon, bg, by Ervin M., F. F. Adams, Eddington.
Harry P., bg, by Hyronamus, L. E. Judkins, Ellsworth.
Turnstine, blkh, by Wilkes, C. H. Nelson, Waterville.
Isle Dew, bh, by Nelson, C. H. Nelson, Waterville.

Free-for-All Class Trot and Pace, Purse $150.

Paul T., chg, 2.20¼, by Eolus, Henry Davis, Oldtown.
Gipsey Boy, brg, 2.23¼, by Charlie Wilkes, A. K. Libby, Hartland.
Eben L., blkg, 2.22, by Haroldson, E. C. Moody, Brooks.
Erling, bg, 2.21, O. R. Wellington, Albion.
Belle P., chm, 2.17¾, Merry Monarch, F. H. Berry, Rockland.
Lucky Strike, brg, 2.16½, by Ervin M., F. H. Berry, Rockland.
Dustmont, brh, 2.18¼, by Almont, Jr., C. G. Andrews, Bangor.
Fauntleroy, chh, 2.23¼, by Albrino, H. G. Parshley, Dexter.
Winsom, gg, by Diamond Prince, N. E. Kimball, Biddeford.
Silver Street, bm, 2.19¾, by Nelson, C. H. Nelson, Waterville.

DIVIDEND OF TEN PER CENT.

In the Elisha W. Shaw Estate.

In the Insolvency Court, Judge Burgess presiding, on Friday hearings were given on the Elisha W. Shaw case, in the claims of Silas D. Jones, which was allowed; Preston L. Bennett, C. A. Vilting, and Emma F. Brackett, all of which were objected to. Each was allowed in part and disallowed in part.

A hearing was begun on Friday on the claim of the Waterville Trust & Safe Deposit Company, and this is the last claim to be heard. Thirteen large claims have been disallowed.

During the day Judge Burgess announced a dividend in the case of Elisha W. Shaw of ten per cent.

This is the first dividend. Later another may be declared, probably about three or four per cent. The fixing of the second dividend is suspended pending the sale of certain real estate whose value cannot now be determined.

Appleton & Chaplin and Charles P. Stetson, Esq., of Bangor, and Attorney General W. T. Haines, Hon. S. S. Brown and Hon. I. C. Libby, of Waterville, were present.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. F. O. Beal is in town from her summer home at Islesboro for a few days.

District Passenger Agent Swett of the Northern Pacific railroad, was in Bangor Friday.

Rev. G. B. Ilsley, of Bangor, will occupy the pulpit of the Baptist church at Yarmouth on Sunday.

Miss Sarah Peakes, of Philadelphia, widely known as a contralto singer, is in Bangor, visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Green and child, of Boston, are in the city.

Mr. Charles H. Davis, of the East Side Pharmacy, returned yesterday from a visit in Lewiston.

Mr. Walter Hooke was in the city yesterday on his way to his home in Foxcroft from Auburn.

Misses George E. Dole and Chrales L. Dole, of Portland, are in the city.

Attorney General William T. Haines, of Waterville, was in Bangor Friday.

Mrs. Neally, of Duluth, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Asa Warren on Hudson street, left on her return home on Friday.

Hon. A. R. Day, of Corinna, was in the city on Friday.

Senator-elect N. M. Jones, of Lincoln, was in town on business Friday.

Mrs. Dorcas Kingsley, of Bangor, has been in Pittsfield visiting her sister, Mrs. Ruth M. Haskell, and other relatives.

Miss Florence L. Shepard, of Ashland, is the guest of her cousin, Miss H. Stewart, on Essex street for several weeks.

Mrs. Mark L. Hersey, wife of Lieut. Hersey, U. S. A., who is with the army in Cuba, was in Bangor yesterday from East Corinth, accompanied by Mrs. Hanson, of Orono.

Charles W. Cameron has returned from a two weeks' outing at Katahdin Iron Works.

Mr. and Mrs. P. N. Watson, of Brunswick, are in the city at the Bangor House.

Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Anderson, of Boston, were at the Bangor House on Friday.

Mr. C. H. George, of New York, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Goodall and F. G. Goodall, of Cambridge, Mass., are in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin H. Bradley and daughter, of Boston, are in the city.

Mrs. J. Albert Dole and Miss Mildred D. Dole returned on Friday afternoon from several weeks at Bucks Harbor.

HAPPILY UNITED.

Dr. H. L. Dobson, of Ashland, and Miss Laffin, formerly of that place, were united in marriage Thursday, July 28th, at the home of the bride's parents in East Orrington. Dr. Dobson has been for some six or seven years a resident of Ashland and has gained an extensive practise as a physician. The bride had spent several seasons there as a school teacher and will be warmly welcomed by the community. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. L. Parker, of Auburn, who has only recently relinquished the Congregational pastorate at Ashland. Dr. and Mrs. Dobson went by boat to Boston, beginning a trip of several weeks' duration.

Get [illegible] and You Get [illegible]ss

Why is it every sarsaparilla which tries to sell itself, ranges itself against Ayer's as the standard? Why is it that all have to offer extra inducements—bigger bottles, fancy wrappers, cheaper price—anything, everything, but the one inducement of quality?

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has never been equaled by any cheap imitation of it, and quality tells, just as blood tells.

It Is the Standard.

"I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla for more than twenty-five years, and have never heard anything but words of praise from my customers; not a single complaint has ever reached me. A preparation must possess great merit to maintain such a reputation. I believe your sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier that has ever been introduced to the general public. I often hear other manufacturers say that this is 'as good as Ayer's,' but no one ever yet heard it said that Ayer's was 'as good' as any other kind. They always set Ayer's up as the standard of excellence."—B. F. Boyce, Duluth, Minn.

TIMELY TOPICS SUGGESTED BY THE WAR.

While your eyes are at the present moment fixed upon the fighting fleets of Spain and America, perhaps a glance at the battleships of the other powers of the world will be found interesting.

To hold our naval review in proper order, we propose to select the very best fighting ships owned by each nation of the earth possessing a navy, and make all these champions "toe the line" at the Lizard Point in Cornwall—natural draft being allowed for—and then at a given signal set them racing to New York—a distance, say, of 3000 miles.

We draw the line at torpedo boats and destroyers in this race, although their speed may be greater, their small coal capacity would put them out of the race at an early stage.

Starters for the big race. Names and owners: Great Britain, H M S Terrible; Austria-Hungary, the "D"; Argentine Republic, the Buenos Ayres; Brazil, the Barroso; Chile, the Esmeralda; China, the Hai-Chi; Denmark, the Heimdal; France, the Guichen; Germany, the First Bismarck; Greece, the Psara; Italy, the Lepanto; Japan, the Yoshima; Netherlands, the Friesland; Norway, the Harold Haarfagre; Portugal, the Don Carlos I; Russia, the Rossia; Spain, the Cisneros; Sweden, the Oden; Turkey, the Aziz; United States, the Brooklyn.

With all the ships formed in one straight line the signal is given and they're off.

A tremendous struggle for supremacy takes place between them. To the astonishment of everybody now in the knowledge of shipbuilding, the Hai-Chi, with her 24-knot speed, draws away from the rest of her companions, and by the time she has logged 100 knots (117 miles) she is three and a half miles ahead.

Steaming side by side in an unbroken line follow in stately order the Buenos Ayres, Esmeralda and Guichen with H M S Terrible following up in their wake a mile behind.

Were you standing at the farthest point of Sandy Hook watching the vessels coming in you would for a certainty check them off in the following order:

First. The Guichen, France, speed 23 knots, 27 miles per hour, 111 hours, 4 days 15 hours.

Second—H M S Terrible, speed 22½ knots, 26½ miles per hour, 114 hours, 4 days 18 hours.

Third. The Brooklyn, United States, speed 21 knots, 24 miles per hour, 125 hours, 5 days 5 hours.

As soon as the Brooklyn had passed the winning post none of the other ships would reach there until the expiration of 64 hours, five hours after the Brooklyn, 5 days 10 hours; the Lepanto, 11 hours after the Brooklyn, 5 days 16 hours.

The following would be left behind at the mercy of the Atlantic waves through shortness of coal supplies:

	Miles from home.
(6)—Cisneros, stranded	170
(7)—Yoshima, stranded	606
(8)—Buenos Ayres, stranded	810
(9)—First Bismarck, stranded	900
(10)—"D," stranded	1400
(11)—Friesland, stranded	1450
(12)—Don Carlos I, stranded	1500
(13)—Barroso, stranded	1700
(14)—Psara, stranded	2 [illegible]
(15)—Aziz, stranded	2 100
(16)—Esmeralda, stranded	2 400
(17)—Harold Haarfagre, stranded	2 480
(18)—Heimdal, stranded	2 520
(19)—Oden, stranded	2 544
(20)—Hai-Chi, stranded	2 770

You will note where the Hai-Chi is now, considering where the ship was at the commencement of the race. Her coming to grief is due to the coal bearing capacity being exceptionally limited, for we have not allowed any of the competing ships to carry coal on deck. They have all drawn from their own bunkers.—Pearson's.

MORMON FOR CHAPLAIN

Elias S. Kimball, of Mendon, Utah, is the first Mormon to be appointed a chaplain in the army of the United States. President McKinley has assigned him to the chaplaincy of the Second regiment of volunteer engineers, of which Willard Young, of Salt Lake City, is the colonel. Chaplain Kimball is a native of Salt Lake City and is 41 years old. His father, Apostle Heber C. Kimball, died when Elias was 11. Elias then began ranching at Bear Lake with his brother, Jonathan G. Kimball. He was educated at Brigham Young Academy at Provo, and attended the Deseret University. In 1884 he went on a mission to the Southern States and remained there for two years. After some more experience ranching he entered the real estate business at Montpelier, Idaho, but in 1894 he returned to the mission in the southern states as its president. This summer he came back to Utah. He is now visiting his brother, but will soon join his regiment.

THINGS THAT ARE DIFFERENT IN MEXICO.

(From Modern Mexico.)

The bridegroom always furnishes the trousseau of his bride.

Mines are generally worked as mines and not for the stock market.

In every city free night schools are maintained for the working classes.

There is no hanging in Mexico, and outside what concerns the army and the brigands, no capital punishment.

In a Mexico home the sofa is the seat of honor and a guest does not take a seat upon it until asked to do so.

Theatrical companies that do not present the attraction they have billed are subject to fine. A fine is also placed on bull fighters who give a poor performance or who do not begin on time.

A lawyer is addressed as licenciado (one who has taken a university degree) just as commonly as a physician is called doctor, and the abbreviation (Lic.) is placed before the name, in writing, just as Dr. is.

The term of a prisoner in a penitentiary is divided into three periods. The first is occupied with penal labor. The second is labor in the training school with a little play. The third, "preparatory freedom," includes paid work and many privileges.

There are no "professional jurors" in Mexico. Nine of a man's peers try him, and a majority is a verdict. If the nine are unanimous there is no appeal. To serve on a jury one must have a diploma in law, medicine or some other profession, or an income of $100 a month; or he must be a member of a family whose head has an income of $2,000 a year.

Much attention is given to the formal opening of new institutions of all kinds. The inauguration of any new enterprise is made the occasion of some kind of exercises and the president and his cabinet, State, city or village dignitaries are asked to attend according to the importance of the occasion. Very few things from a railroad to a new shop are opened without formal religious blessings in addition to the ceremonies attending the rejoicing of the populace.

THE TEMPERATURE.

The following table gives the weather conditions as shown by the thermometer and barometer at Miller's pharmacy:

	Barometer.	Thermometer.
July 29, 7 A. M.	29.7	73
12 M.	29.7	83
6 P. M.	29.7	77

Brunswick News to Lewiston Journal: Mrs. Isiah Emery leaves this week for Rochester, N. Y., for an extended visit.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—Ten RIPANS for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

MANURE FOR SALE AT THE Grand Central Stables. Lemuel Nichols.

FOR RENT—The fine large new modern house, with large new stable, No. 48, South Park street, all fitted with the latest modern conveniences, containing ten rooms, all in first class repair. Possession given June 1st. W. CUTTER.

FOR SALE—One undivided sixth of T. 3, R. 5, N. B. K. P., Somerset County. Apply to CHAS. HAMLIN.

Wanted, Lost, Found, To Let, Etc

Advertisements under the head of wanted, lost, found, to let, etc., not exceeding four lines, 25 cents each insertion when prepaid. When not prepaid regular advertising rates will be charged.

TO RENT—On First street, tenement of seven rooms all in good repair. Possession given August first. Call at 101 First street or 185 State street. E. S. Gorham.

TO LET—A furnished front room on Third street, handy to cars and central location. Call on Chas. R. Oliver, 10 Broad street.

LOST—A Card Case containing owners name and sum of money. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 145 Harlow street.

WANTED—Case of bad health that RIPANS will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

LOST—Bunch of keys. Please leave at Whig office. W. H. Jose, Boston.

NORTHPORT, Sunday, July 31, '98.

Steamer Salacia

leaves Dole & Fogg's wharf at 10 A. M., arriving at Northport at 1 and leaving there on return at 1.30.

50c For the Round Trip

Vocal Solos by Emanuel Roderick.

The Celebrated Oldtown Band

which delighted thousands at Old Orchard last Sunday, will render select concerts for the day. Bicycles free. Best of order. Special police. No liquors. At 2 o'clock steamer will leave Northport for a two hour's cruise about the bay. Patrons of the Bangor-Northport excursion will be charged but 15 cents for the sail, others 25 cents. The Oldtown Band will also accompany this excursion.

REED & MOUNTAINE, Mgrs.

Tickets at Mountaine's, City, Perry's, Oldtown and at the boat.

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

The great household remedy for Worms and all complaints of children. Invaluable in all stomach troubles. In use 46 years. Price 35 cents. Ask your druggist for it. Dr. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

"FLOWERS AT ONCE!"

Try me next time you're in a rush for flowers or designs—telephone or telegraph if you wish. I'll give your order immediate attention—will hurry it off as soon as I can—but not so hastily as to slight the work or spoil the blooms.

At my conservatories or at my branch store, there's always prompt, satisfactory order-filling.

ADAM SEKENGER,

Branch at Sweet's Drug Store. 32 Newbury St.

No Part of Man's Attire

detracts from or adds to his personal appearance one half as much as his

.. HAT ..

It is the finishing touch to the perfect man. If you want the proper thing in the hat line—Straw, Stiff or Crush—properly fitted to your head, see

LYFORD & WOODWARD,

Leading Hatters.

REMOVAL SALE.

In a few days I shall (in connection with Gus. A. Anderson) move my Bicycles, Etc., to Harlow street near the Engine House, where we shall keep a full line of New and Second-hand Wheels for sale or rent by day or month. Also be fitted to do repairs of any kind on any make of wheel at reasonable prices. Wheels now on hand at reduced prices.

C. J. CHALMERS,

No. 68 Exchange St.

Church processions are prohibited. Even a priest cannot legally walk the streets in his churchly garments.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier

BY WHIG AND COURIER PUBLISHING CO.

All business letters should be addressed to The Whig and Courier Publishing Co., and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Whig and Courier."

Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter.

SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1898.

FOR GOVERNOR:
LLEWELLYN POWERS, of Houlton.

FOR CONGRESS:
First District, ——
Second District, Nelson Dingley.
Third District, Edwin C. Burleigh.
Fourth District, Charles A. Boutelle.

FOR SENATORS:
James Adams,
Stanley Plummer,
Nathaniel M. Jones.

FOR SHERIFF:
Charles R. Brown.

CLERK OF COURTS:
Charles F. Sweet.

COUNTY ATTORNEY:
Bertram L. Smith.

COUNTY TREASURER:
Henry L. Stubbs.

REGISTER OF DEEDS
John T. Bowler.

REGISTER of PROBATE:
Amos E. Hardy.

County Commissioner:
Charles L. Hathaway.

REPRESENTATIVES:
Isaiah K. Stetson,
Flavius O. Beal,
Frederic H. Parkhurst.

The War Situation.

The report of the surrender of Manila seems to have been premature. At least the despatches, received up to this time announce that no information of that character has been received in Washington, although it is believed there that General Merritt has arrived and is in command of the land forces and news of the downfall of Manila is looked for at any moment. The report of the surrender above referred to was not credited in official circles from the fact that it was the belief in Washington that as early information would be received there as could possibly be received elsewhere.

The cabinet held a prolonged meeting to consider the peace proposition and the terms to be offered by this government. The one point concerning which no agreement was reached was that referring to the future disposition of the Philippines. There seems to be no particular sentiment among the members of the cabinet in favor of retaining control of the islands, the prevailing idea being that all we need there is a coaling station, but there was a difference of opinion as to the kind of government that should be inaugurated for the future control of the Philippines. Some of the members seemed to feel, and that with very good reason that the insurgents had manifested a disposition that did not tend to strengthen faith in their ability to successfully maintain an independent government.

Without reaching a definite conclusion the cabinet meeting adjourned until this morning. So far as Cuban independence and the cession of Porto Rico is concerned there was entire accord, and the despatches indicate that a final conclusion concerning the Philippine question is nearer than might be inferred from the prolonged discussion. There was a pronounced disposition to continue all the war measures now in force until Spain had specifically agreed to the terms promulgated by this country as the basis of reestablishing peace. Until such an agreement is reached no armistice will be granted, nor will this government consent to any reference of the questions involved to outside powers.

There was naturally much gratification over the news from Porto Rico announcing the surrender of Ponce, which will doubtless soon be followed by the surrender of the entire island.

... peal of the law is a question of the future, but the Whig agrees with the Farmer in the view that the system has fallen far short of what was claimed for it by its advocates when it was thrust upon the people of the State.

Sixteen to One in Cuba.

The merchants of Santiago, who know what a silver dollar is when they see it have refused to take American silver dollars at other than their metal value putting them on the same footing as the Mexican dollars.

These merchants know that in the world's markets gold and silver pass on their merits and by weight. They know that a gold piece contains so many grains of gold according to the official stamp upon it, and that a silver piece contains so many grains of silver. They know that if 25.8 grains of standard gold are worth 100 cents that 412½ grains of standard silver cannot be worth half as much, and they do business upon that principle.

Now, does anybody believe that even Colonel Bryan with his silver tongue could convince these Santiago merchants that a silver dollar is just as valuable to them as a gold dollar, or that they can buy as much for it? What would they say to him if he undertook such a plea? Wouldn't they think he was trying a confidence game on them?

And yet there are thousands and thousands of gaping Americans who have stood by the hour listening to Colonel Bryan and have gone away convinced that he was telling them the truth when he said that sixteen ounces of silver were worth one ounce of gold!

When he gets to Santiago Colonel Bryan will find that the merchants there will not sell him supplies on that basis.

The Australian Ballot.

[Maine Farmer.]

Circumstances alter cases. One man's meat is another's poison. The Maine Farmer calls the Australian ballot system "a farce and a failure" in that State. But in Massachusetts it is a success and gives general satisfaction.—New England Farmer.

The Maine Farmer is opposed to the present law for two reasons either of which is sufficient to condemn the act:

1. Because of the enormous expense imposed upon the State.

2. Because, through its exacting and cumbersome details, so large a per cent. of voters is disfranchised.

It has proven a "farce" because it has utterly failed to correct abuses, and a "failure" because it has lowered public estimate in the worth of the ballot.

It was a charming theory put forth as a panacea for the ills of party influence, but in its operations the evils it was intended to remedy have increased. It has multiplied machinery, created numberless petty offices, all calling for a salary, and placed a premium on the class of voters who wait for "employment." It does not insure a more just verdict of the will of the people, but has been the means of opening the door to outrages unknown under the old time system, when every voter cast his ballot open handed and free, before the gaze of whoever chose to look.

The one system tended to freedom of action and the dignity of citizens, the other demands an apology every time a self respecting citizen enters the booth, to record "in private" what every man should be proud to proclaim from the housetop. His devotion to principle as embodied in platforms and enforced by successful candidates. For this opinion the writer alone is responsible, but believing the present law to be degrading to manhood, and a burden to the State, its repeal will be urged until the last vestige is wiped from our statute books and a system in accord with American independence made the law of the State.

TWO NAVAL MIRACLES.

Immunity of the American Fleet From Injury or Bloodshed.

The mystery of Manila was repeated at Santiago. Sampson's fleet, like Dewey's came out unscathed from a battle in which the enemy hurled missives from powerful guns as fast as they were able to shoot and as long as their vessels could be kept afloat. At Santiago, as at Manila, a hail of big shells fell around the American vessels as long as the battle lasted. The Spaniards were in action long enough to have wrought great havoc on the American ships, even though the superiority in numbers and fighting capacity of the latter made an American victory inevitable in the long run.

How, then, was it possible for such a conflict to be fought without a single serious disaster to the victorious fleet? More random firing by the Spaniards might have been expected to cause more havoc than was wrought in the two battles. No one would have believed three months ago that thousands of big shells could be hurled at a fleet of war vessels without killing and wounding a large number of men. No one could have deemed that the miracle of Dewey's destruction of an enemy's fleet in battle without serious mishap to his own vessels would ever be repeated.

Yet there are two unexampled naval victories within a little more than two months, in which the enemy's vessels were completely destroyed without an important loss to the conquerors. How did these miracles happen? The valor and the great skill of the Americans account for the victories, but they do not explain the mystery of the complete escape of the American vessels from harm. The bad gunning of the Spaniards does not wholly account for it, for wild shots are frequently fruitful of mischief. Even the little unprotected vessels of the Americans that were under fire, escaped harm, along with the big armored battleships.

The complete immunity of this country's fleets from damage and serious loss in these two battles will remain for all time the greatest marvel in the annals of the world's naval conflicts.—Kansas City Star.

BULLET PASSED THROUGH HIS HEAD.

Lieut. Mills, of the 1st United States Cavalry, who was at the Ebbitt yesterday with his wife, was one of the gallant band who did such heroic fighting before Santiago on June 24. That he is now alive is almost a miracle, since a Spanish bullet entered one side of his head and went crashing clear through. Those who saw him first had no idea that it was possible for him to recover, so horrible was the wound. The curious part of it was that though knocked down by the force of the missile, Lieut. Mills never lost consciousness. He is as cheery of spirits as though he had experienced no disaster, and is quite ready to go back after the Castilians as soon as he is in fighting trim.—Washington Post.

No other preparation has ever done so many people so much good as Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's Greatest Medicine.

Expensive and Complicated.

We publish this morning an editorial from the Maine Farmer in which that paper announces its opposition to the Australian ballot law and gives its reasons. The Farmer is a very conservative paper. It does not jump at conclusions touching matters affecting the interests of the people and its opposition to the present voting system comes as a result of careful investigation of the workings of the law. It speaks to and for the agricultural sections of the State and its vigorous arraignment of a system of voting that has complicated the right of suffrage to an extent where several thousand people are disfranchised in every election will attract wide attention. Whether or not any considerable movement will be made to secure a re-...

While They Last.

UNCLE SAM'S NAVY.

The Complete Set

of these fine photographic views of Ships, Officers, Crews, Guns, Places of Interest and other pictures illustrating nearly every phase of the present war, may now be obtained at this office.

They Are Going Fast.

The unprecedented sales of each succeeding number have compelled several repetitions of our order in each case. The present supply is rapidly diminishing and

No More Will Be Ordered.

THIS IS THE BEST AND ONLY COMPLETE

WAR PORTFOLIO...

Send Whig Coupon and Ten Cents to

Brookline, a suburb of Boston, enjoys the distinction of having the finest system of public baths in America. The tank, which is 100 feet long and 80 feet wide, is always filled with the clearest water, and is well patronized during all hours of the day. An idea of the good work accomplished by this institution in the fostering and development of a love for swimming may be obtained from the report of their instructor, appended herewith: "I respectfully submit my first report of the swimming department since assuming its charge on January 18, 1897. The progress made first season was gratifying as in five months eighty girls and fifty-nine boys were instructed; thirty-nine of the girls and forty-seven of the boys learned how to swim. Classes were held with a view to instruction in life saving and resuscitation of the apparently drowned, and at the end of the school year twelve young men passed the requirements which entitled them to the certificates awarded for proficiency. Profiting by the experience gained we began the present term by securing the names of all non-swimmers in the schools in the sixth grade and above and have issued tickets to those entitled to instruction. The classes, numbering ten to fifteen pupils, are instructed in periods of half an hour for each class, and so it is possible to give instruction to as many as fifty in an afternoon. Each class has a preliminary 'land drill,' which consists of several groups of movements illustrating the proper strokes, after which (having taken the preliminary shower bath) all are allowed to enter the water and, under the teacher's instruction, endeavor to imitate the motions which they have just been through. Each pupil obtains a course of twelve lessons and usually learns to swim well by the time his or her course is finished. In addition to the actual teaching of swimming I have adopted a plan of visiting the different schools and giving the 'land drill' there, and have also formed a teachers' class, to which I give one hour each week. Later I expect to give practical demonstrations of how to resuscitate the apparently drowned, and in this way reach those in the schools who have not as yet come under my care. Swimming is becoming as popular with the girls as it is with the boys, and it only requires a slight incentive to gain them over to a healthy enthusiasm. The practical side of this branch of physical training is essentially humanitarian and equally as important to both sexes; therefore, I urge all parents of girls to fulfil their moral responsibility in this direction. Number of tickets issued, boys, 210; girls, 231; teachers, 89; total, 626. Lessons, boys, 1,151; girls, 1,225; teachers, 111; total 2,487. Average attendance, boys, 52; girls, 34; teachers, 8; total, 74. Number who have learned, boys, 60; girls, 65; teachers, 20; total, 150." This report was signed by Leonel A. B. Street, M. D., instructor.

* * *

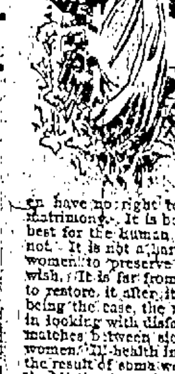
Cricket Club Life is authority for the statement that the following men will comprise the team which Capt. Pelham F. Warner intends to bring to this country this fall: P. F. Warner, Middlesex; G. R. Bardswell, Lancashire; C. J. Burnup, Cambridge University and Kent; C. O. H. Sewell, Gloucestershire; E. H. Bray, Middlesex; S. M. J. Woods, Somerset; F. Mitchell, Yorkshire; C. J. M. Wilson, Cambridge University and Yorkshire; E. C. Lee, Oxford and Hampshire; B. J. T. Bosanquet, Oxford University; E. C. Winter, Cambridge University; R. Berens, Oxford and J. Ainsworth.

* * *

State Fish Commissioner Little of Seattle, Wash., says the Sportsman's Magazine, has secured an 83-pound salmon, which will be shipped to Omaha and exhibited as one of the products of the State. The salmon is the largest of its kind ever caught in the Columbia river, and merited the $20 reward offered by the cannerymen of the Columbia for all fish weighing over seventy-five pounds—a reward very seldom gained. The big salmon was caught by William Markham and sold to a packing company of Ilwaco. The cannery presented the fish to the commissioner. The big fish measured 4 feet in length and 36½ inches in girth. The fish was sent to Astoria and frozen at a cold storage plant in a cake of ice.

THE FORCE OF A RIFLE BULLET.

In the English official regulations for 1898 it is stated that the mean extreme range of the Lee-Metford bullet may be taken as about 3,500 yards, although with a strong wind, 3,760 yards have been observed. The bullets find their way through joints of walls, unless the walls are made very fine and set in cement. About 150 rounds, concentrated on nearly the same spot at 200 yards, will break a nine-inch brick wall. Rammed earth gives less protection than loose. When fired into sand the bullet is found to be always turned aside after it has entered a little way. The following thicknesses of material (in inches) are usually necessary to stop the regulation .303-inch bullet: Shingle between boards, 6; hardened steel plate, ¼; good brick work, 9; sack of coal, 12; hard dry mud wall, 14; peat earth, 60; compressed cotton bales, 22; oak, 27; elm, 33; teak, 30; fir, 48; clay, 48.—Washington Star.



Cupid is usually pictured as a frolicsome, playful little fellow, always smiling or laughing, but with just a trace of malice in his make-up. This is the artist's ideal. In reality Cupid, in these days is a matter-of-fact little chap. He is beginning to learn that life is not all a summer holiday. He is fast learning that sick men and unhealthy women have no right to tamper with love or matrimony. It is best for themselves and best for the human race that they should not. It is not a hard matter for men and women to preserve their health if they wish. It is far from impossible for them to restore it after it has been lost. That being the case, the modern Cupid is right in looking with disfavor upon matrimonial matches between sick men and unhealthy women. Ill-health in a woman is generally the result of some weakness or disorder of the distinctly feminine organism that is slowly sapping her vital tys. At first a little pain and slight indispositions which seem to her quite unimportant. They grow steadily worse until she suffers all the time from burning and dragging sensations, and occasionally has to take to her bed. Finally they completely unfit her for wifehood and motherhood. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is an unfailing remedy for ailments of this kind. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in maternity and makes them well and strong. It transforms weak, sickly, nervous invalids into healthy, happy wives and mothers. Medicine dealers sell it. No honest druggist will recommend a substitute.

"Since I wrote you we have had a baby girl born to us," writes W. R. Makolm of Knobel, Clay Co., Ark. "My wife took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription during the expectant period and until confinement and she had no trouble to mention. A stouter, healthier child was never born. Our child will be one year of age on the 8th inst., and she has not been sick a day. Has not had so much as the colic."

The Ability Displayed by the Great Naval Commander is Worthy of the Nation's Highest Praise.

Washington, July 29. The war department would not be surprised to learn by this time that Manila has surrendered to the combined military and naval forces gathered off and at Cavite. However, there is no official confirmation of the report that was presented this morning to that effect. The United States government is in a position, it is believed, to receive news of so important an event sooner than the Spanish authorities at Madrid. Being hemmed in on all sides, Capt. Gen. Augusti would not be able to communicate with Hong Kong, the nearest cable station, without passing his messages through the U. S. lines and securing permission for its transmission by boat to Hong Kong, and even if a boat bearing such a message and arrived at Hong Kong it is only a fair supposition that the news of the fall of Manila would be communicated at that point to the world at large by means of the cable instead of being confined to the Madrid government.

Consequently it is believed that this announcement of the fall of Manila is an assumption perhaps on the strength that for it may be that the Spanish government having sent permission to Augusti to surrender concludes that he has done so.

It was known to be the disposition of the Spanish authorities at Manila to surrender to the American forces instead of to the insurgents when the town must fall. It is tolerably certain that Admiral Dewey might have received the surrender at any time within the past six weeks had he been disposed to exert the slightest pressure in that direction.

Indeed, in one of his despatches he made the blunt statement that he could take Manila in 24 hours if he desired. The reason he did not desire to do so was undoubtedly because of a reluctance on his part to entrust the destinies of the great city to the insurgents under Aguinaldo who, at first tractable, had begun to show signs of impatience under restraint.

Dewey realized that he was being held morally responsible by the civilized world for the protection of the people of Manila against excesses at the hands of the insurgents. There was also the strongest reason why he should not by failure to care for the interests of foreign residents in the town, open the door to intervention of any neutral naval commanders who had been lying in the harbor jealously watching for their opportunity. Therefore, it became necessary for the admiral to maintain the status quo until a sufficient military force arrived to enable him to receive the surrender of the town and to occupy and protect it. This has been done with some difficulty, as will be revealed in the end when all of the correspondence is published, for it has been almost impossible to keep the insurgents out of the town, and their efforts to effect an entrance have redoubled as they learned of the approach of the American forces and saw dawning upon them the possibility of an American occupation of the town that should exclude them from Manila, precisely as Shafter excluded Garcia's Cubans from Santiago. Now however, Dewey undoubtedly has with him a sufficient military force to warrant him in accepting the surrender of Manila.

It is said at the war department that at least three of the six military expeditions that have been despatched to the Philippines from San Francisco ... Manila, affording an army ... ten and fifteen thousand ... up by Dewey's ships and sailors.

Suspicious interest attaches to ... lished statement in one of the S... semi-official organs to the effect ... Augusti has been shorn of jurisdi... over the Philippines beyond Manila ... its immediate environments, the capt... general of the Philippine group ... transferred to the commander of ... Visayas islands. It is just possible ... there is an important connection ... tween these two items of news, one ... surrender of Manila and the other ... gusti's replacement.

Both come from Spanish sources ... to the latter, it was frankly ... the Spanish despatch that the ... was to prevent Augusti from su... ing the entire Philippine group ... that it is conceivable that having ... arranged the matter so as to ... their interests in the remaining ... so far as possible, and having ... themselves in a position to deny ... United States government has ... conquest of the Philippines, the ... minister may have directed Augusti ... surrender the small jurisdiction ... ing to him to the United States ... vent it from falling into the hands ... the insurgents.

INDIANS IN HACKS

The Indians had a big blow-out ... residence of Louis Antelope ... one day this week, the occasion ... the celebration of the anniversary ... death of Agustus, a Coeur d'Alene ... dian, who died last year.

A magnificent feast was given by ... host, a son of the deceased, ... attended. The entire tribe was ... and fully 600, including the children ... cepted the invitation.

Chief Saltese made a charming speech, and was followed by Peter W... shoe, who praised the virtues of ... ceased. The chief of the Spokanes ... also addressed the assemble. The festivities began at 9 o'clock and lasted till evening. The feast was given by the host, Agustus, and must have cost a "pretty penny," as excellent food was served to the vast throng present.

These Indians are rapidly becoming civilized and are assuming the customs and dress of the whites more each year. They have excellent farms, goods houses and machinery, and one passing over the reservation would not believe that it was occupied by Indians did he not see them. Their houses are generally well built and painted and look neat and clean, while many have excellent barns and farms well tilled.

They raise a large amount of grain each year and sell it in Tekoa. A large portion of it is located at a side track on the reservation, but the grain is said to Tekoa dealers and the money is in ... spent there.

Many of them dress entirely like white people and come to town in fine carriages and hacks. They are quite industrious and are excellent citizens and always peaceful, except when under the influence of liquor, sold to them by unscrupulous white persons.—(Spokane Statesman-Review.

A woman cannot be entirely womanly—she cannot be a perfect woman—if she is not in perfect health. In just so much as her sickness affects the organs that make her a woman, in just so much she loses her attractiveness. This is the chief part of her health. If anything is wrong there, it may result in all manner of ills all over the body. Careless, or too busy, physicians frequently treat the symptoms of this kind of disorder as separate and distinct ailments. The symptoms are many and varied, so much so that when a woman is sick in any way, the first thought should be given to the organs distinctly feminine. About 9 times in 10 the cause of the trouble will be found there. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all disorders of this kind. There is no guess-work about it. It is a fact that has been demonstrated in 30 solid years of extensive practice. Thousands of women have written grateful letters, who have wished the whole world of women to know the wonderful things the "Prescription" has done for them.

labored faithfully and well. He was progressive and aggressive; a leader among men, a deep thinker and a hard worker.

In his zeal, he overworked; overta... mental and physical strength.

The outlook was dark, with health sh...ered and recovery apparently hopeless.

Many means for a cure were tried, without receiving benefit.

Finally he took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and was restored to hea...

He says:

"In April, 1896, the physicians sa... must stop preaching or die.

"I had overtaxed myself and was s...ring from a complete breaking down ... my nervous system and a persistent sto...ach trouble.

AN OPEN ...
To M...

WE ARE ASSERTING IN ... THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF ... PITCHER'S CASTORIA,"

... DR. SAMUEL PITCH... was the originator of "... has borne and does now b... the fac-simile signature ... This is the original "CAS... the homes of the Mothers o...

LOOK CAREFULLY at ... the kind you have always bo... and has the signature ... per. No one has authority ... The Centaur Company, of wh... March 24, 1898.

Do Not ...

Do not endanger the li... a cheap substitute which ... (because he makes a few ... gredients of which even ...

"The Kind You H...

BEARS THE ...

Chas. H. ...

Insist ...

The Kind That ...

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, ...

J. N. V...
Gas and Electric ... FIXTURES.

BREWER LOCALS.

Miss Frances Becke... Moosehead ... of Miss Susie W...

Mr. H. P. ... lately purchased ... 175 acres of ... port near the ... of Hampden, ... this city.

* * *

Mr. Fred Handy ... in this city ... business interests.

* * *

A horse being driven ... on Main street ... frightened at the ... ing a sharp corner ... vehicle in the ... the ... of ... for a ... but little damage was done.

* * *

... A. Ayer, of ... A. Seventh In... fantry, U. S. regular army whose death occurred from the effects of a wound received at Santiago was a former resident of Brewer and a nephew of M. S. Ayer, of Brewer.

* * *

A pretty home wedding occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew S. Hopkins at South Brewer Wednesday evening of this week when their daughter, Miss Grace Hopkins, was united in marriage with Mr. Wilbert K. Hillier of Eddington. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. H. Powlesland, of Eddington, in the presence of the parents of the bride and groom and a few of their relatives and friends, after which the company spent a delightful hour in social intercourse and music. Mr. and Mrs. Hillier have the congratulations of their many friends.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Free Baptist church, corner Main and Parker streets, Rev. W. E. Lombard, pastor. Morning worship 10.30 A. M.; Bible school at 11.45; evening service at 7 P. M.; sittings free; free will offerings.

...S.

This narrative from a minister is of greatest value to those whose nerves are unstrung, health shattered, or otherwise ailing. It is particularly appropriate in this age of active, nervous, endless labor.

We are living too fast. "Fast as lightning," expresses it, for we talk by electricity, cook by electricity, travel by electricity and so on.

Its a hurry, hurry, hurry from the cradle to the grave.

We crowd too much; crowd our work, crowd our eating, crowd our pleasure, crowd our sleeping.

A "breaking down of the nervous system" is the way of expressing the result.

It means a depleting of the nerves induced by prolonged strain; overtaxing of the nervous system; a product of over-hurry and bustle.

It affects all people in all walks of life. It baffles physicians of all schools.

No one knows the horrors of such a condition better than Rev. J. N. McCready, of Elkton, Mich. For years he labored faithfully and well. He was progressive and aggressive; a leader among men, a deep thinker and a hard worker.

In his zeal, he overworked; overtaxed his mental and physical strength.

The outlook was dark, with health shattered and recovery apparently hopeless.

Many means for a cure were tried, without receiving benefit.

Finally he took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and was restored to health.

He says:

"In April, 1896, the physicians said I must stop preaching or die.

"I had overtaxed myself and was suffering from a complete breaking down of my nervous system and a persistent stomach trouble.

"Several physicians treated me, but no permanent benefit was derived.

"Four times I was stricken with nervous prostration; twice with gastritis.

"These attacks would throw me into spasms.

"I could eat neither meat or vegetables.

"If my bare feet touched the floor I was immediately seized with cramps.

"I was used up; helpless, hopeless.

"I commenced to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. One box was consumed and I felt no better. This discouraged me.

"My wife urged me to try the pills some more, feeling that my life depended upon the result.

"I continued to take them.

"Since then, and it has been several months, I have enjoyed life.

"Have preached all summer and held revival meetings for fifteen weeks.

"I have had no muscular exercise for years, but recently, have done considerable hard work in my garden; my muscles standing this test remarkably well.

"Every Sabbath I preach three times and now think I am good for another twenty years, if the Lord wills."

To add weight to his words, Rev. McCready made affidavit before J. D. Brookes, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People exert a powerful influence in restoring wasted nerve power and in purifying and enriching the blood. Druggists consider them the most effective remedy which they dispense.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA" AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear Chas. H. Fletcher *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher, *wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher, *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having

The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

J. H. V. LANE,

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

Buildings Wired for Electric Lights and Piped for Gas

Telephone 112-2 45 STATE ST.

BREWER LOCALS.

Miss Frances Bradeen, of Lily Bay, Moosehead lake, is in the city a guest of Miss Sadie Wallace.

* * *

Mr. H. P. Burrill, of Dedham, has lately purchased a valuable lot of about 175 acres of timber land, ying in Bucksport near his mills of Drake M. Reed, of Hampden, and Frances G. Arey, of this city.

* * *

Mr. Fred Handy, of Bar Harbor, was in this city Friday looking after some business interests.

* * *

A horse being driven by a fruit vendor on Main street Friday forenoon became frightened at the electric cars and throwing a sharp corner upset man, fruit and wagon in the middle of the road. It was a mixed-up mess of peaches, pears and plums for a while but the full was not spilled but little damage was done.

* * *

A. Ayer, of Co. A, Seventh Infantry, U.S. regular army, whose death occurred from the effects of a wound received at Santiago, was a former resident of Brewer and a brother of M. S. Ayer, of Brewer.

* * *

A pretty home wedding occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew S. Hopkins, at South Brewer, Wednesday evening, at this week, when their daughter, Miss Grace Hopkins, was united in marriage with Mr. William K. Hiller, of Eddington. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. H. Powicland, of Eddington, in the presence of the parents of the bride and groom and a few of their relatives and friends, after which the company spent a delightful hour in social intercourse and music. Mr. and Mrs. Hiller have the congratulations of their many friends.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Free Baptist church, corner Main and Parker streets. Rev. W. E. Lombard, pastor. Morning worship, 10.30 A. M. Bible school at 11.45, evening service at 7 P. M., all sittings free; free will offerings.

South Brewer Congregational church, preaching at 10.30. Sabbath school at 11.45; evening service.

The weekly meeting of the Pine Grove Christian Endeavor Society Sunday at 2.30 at Pine Grove hall, Pierce road.

First Congregational church, service at 10.30; Sunday school at 11.45. Rev John S. Coons, of Hopkinton, N. H. will conduct both morning and evening services.

FROM A SEACOASTLESS STATE

(Pittsburg Dispatch-Appeal.)

It is an odd fact that Vermont without an inch of seacoast has produced Dewey in the present emergency.

THE GREEN SENTINEL.

Many amusing stories are told of the camp life at Mobile, where the two Louisiana regiments are in quarters, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat. The different camps now at Mobile are made up exclusively of volunteer regiments, and some of the young soldiers are very, very recruits. A cool story is told of a volunteer in the First Alabama Regiment. Last week the Second Louisiana was in a position where the most convenient route to reach it was through the camp of the First Alabama. One of this members of the Louisiana camp was out after thieves, dealers in crime to the tune of the Alabama camp, he ran into a sentinel, who promptly brought his gun to a charge and shouted, "Halt!" The Louisianian promptly halted, and the sentinel, and the blood peering at each other for some time through the gloom. Finally the sentinel, in tremulous tones, said: "You can't get through this line unless you say 'Hobson!'" "Hobson!" the Louisianian promptly said.

The sentinel thought this piece of war present, the intruder saluted, and the two was passed.

HOME WEDDING.

The home of Leonard White, Forest City, was the scene of a pretty and quiet wedding on July 28th at 6 P. M., when their eldest daughter, Miss Renne, was united in marriage with Mr. Orred W. Dailey, of Belfast, Me., Mr. Harold Miff, of Milltown, and Miss Jennie Downes, of Forest City, were attendants. Rev. Carl H. Raupach of the M. E. church officiated.

The bride was highly esteemed by many friends who will miss her. Mr. Bailey is a bright young man, graduate of the U. of M. '98. They will reside at Belfast for the present.

...ND MORE NAVAL MANOEUVRES.

British Authorities Have Come to the Conclusion That They Are of Little Value.

The substitute for naval manoeuvres has already begun, the reserve squadron and the Channel fleet are collecting. A representative of the Navy League has discovered what was already pretty well known that "want of coal is not the real reason." We have already touched upon this matter, having pointed out how absurd is the idea that political reasons, and a consequent desire to economize coal, had anything to do with the admiralty's decision.

Avowed or not, the real reason is that manoeuvres are not worth the expense. Nothing wanteer has ever been learnt from these make-believe battles or ever will be learnt until some very different system is evolved; further, they are unpopular with nearly every officer in the service. The operations of Capt. Long in 1892 and the blockade of 1889 may be argued as exceptions to the statement that nothing has ever been learnt by manoeuvres, but that was long ago, and at best but a drop in the ocean. More than once the manoeuvres would almost appear to have been deliberately arranged and cooked, in order to prove to the public that there was or was not danger under such-and-such circumstances.

In 1894, for instance, the manoeuvres worked out to prove something about our Mediterranean fleet, and its chances of a junction with the Channel before the two French fleets could join. It is difficult to believe that manoeuvre rules have not been framed before now in order to show the public that torpedo boats cannot do much harm. We do not altogether attack this method of instructing the public, but it is costly. It might be well, too, if the framers of manoeuvres could get one elementary idea into their heads and that is that war does not consist in making junctions of fleets. Both we and our enemies won't, surely, have the sense to do this so far as possible before the war broke out, not after.

For instance, if war was really imminent with France, we should not leave the Mediterranean fleet at Malta and the Channel fleet at Portland. Such reinforcements as were deemed necessary we should at once make. This attempt might produce the war, and it is conceivable that we might have a government foolish enough to say its hand on that account. It is, however, equally foolish to base our plans on such a supposition, or to expect that our enemies would be equally insane.

They manage these things better in France. In French manoeuvres, not only is the fighting, where no points assigned to each ship, carefully thought out, every ship is limited to a certain number of decorations. Conditions likely to occur in war are carefully thought out, so that there is a good deal more realism than with us.

To look back to our manoeuvres and the end question, comparatively few people are aware of the enormous amount of coal consumed by a fleet in harbor. There are so many auxiliary engines, etc., to keep going that a battleship of the Majestic class consumes something like eighty tons a week. At sea, on cruisers, the consumption—we lay, week out—is approximately 200 tons a week. There is an impression about that ships in harbor cost next to nothing in coal.—The Engineer.

A RARE BEAST.

Alderman Mitchell Shoots a Powhee—Animal Said to Be Almost Extinct.

A powhee, captured by Alderman Mitchell late Friday is a species of wild animal now almost extinct. A few are said to be left in the vast forests of northern Canada, but for many years past it has been generally believed that powhees were extinct in the United States. The animal is about the size of a large cat but possessed of great strength, and is exceedingly fierce when cornered. While only a small animal, it looks much larger than it really is on account of its peculiar construction. The hind legs of a powhee are about six inches longer than the front ones, and a person some distance behind the animal might very readily be deceived into the notion that it was standing or walking on its hind legs.

The peculiar formation of a powhee enables it to climb a tree with great adroitness, and, remarkable though the fact may seem to the uninitiated, it is the hind end that goes up first. The hind legs are provided with very sharp claws, and these the powhee uses to climb and defend itself. When it comes to a fight a powhee is said to be more than able to hold its own with a wildcat.

Friday afternoon Alderman Mitchell was going to the lake carrying a shotgun to have some sport with the water fowl that are so plentiful there, and on passing through the wood he saw the powhee descending a tree. The Alderman was astonished at its appearance but determined not to let it escape, he blazed away at short range. He fired both barrels but one probably would have done the work, for when the smoke rolled away from before his eyes he saw the powhee lying at the bottom of the tree dead. The Alderman approached the spot very cautiously, having an idea that the animal might apply be shamming, but on getting close enough to touch it with his toe all doubts were at rest.

He carried the animal back to camp, but nobody there had ever seen anything like it before, and in fact most of them thought it was some kind of an fresh. Finally one of a Canadian lumberman, passing through the woods on his way to the village, was shown the animal and pronounced it to be a powhee. The old man said it was the first one he had seen in thirty years, and seemed greatly excited at the capture.

Alderman Mitchell had the powhee on inspection in his office last night, and the liveliest curiosity was aroused among the people to see a sight of such a rare animal. The Alderman has not fully made up his mind yet what to do with the powhee, but believes that he will present it to the Carpenter museum. It is doubtful if a specimen of such a rare animal has been obtained by any museum in the United States, and no doubt Alderman Mitchell could procure a snug little fortune for the powhee if he decided to sell it.—Pittsburg Press.

...ON REVENUE LAW.

An Enjoyable Birthday Party—Pleasant Outing Parties—Notes About Town.

(Special to the Whig and Courier.)

Oldtown, July 29. United States Deputy Marshal Norton of Portland was in the city this morning looking after the violators of the internal revenue law. It should be remembered that for the selling of a single article subject to the stamp law without internal revenue stamps fixed thereon, with intent to defraud the government, there is a penalty for each and every offense of not less than $100 nor more than $500, and imprisonment for not more than one year.

The Methodist excursion yesterday was greatly enjoyed by all, especially by the younger portion of the society, for whose benefit especially the fair was gotten up. No drawbacks occurred to lessen the enjoyment, and all returned well pleased with the day's outing.

The Oldtown band went to Orono last night and gave an outdoor concert from the balcony of the Orono House.

A. G. Faulkner of Monson is among the guests at the Bridge House today.

A. P. Riley of Bangor and P. P. Goodwin of East Corinth are at the Crocker Hotel.

J. N. Merrill is building a store house on the lot south of Newbegin's blacksmith shop for the use of the J. N. Merrill Construction company of Bangor, who will use it to store their engine, derrick, etc. The Merrill Construction company has one of the largest construction plants in the State. The size of the building is 20x100 feet.

Cousins' Hotel arrivals today are F. H. Whitlessey, Hartford, Conn.; J. A. Pike, Boston.

E. E. Allen has outing suits and summer underwear.

Mrs. Idewellyn Power and children passed through the city today on their way to Houlton from Old Orchard.

At the Democratic caucus held in City Hall Thursday evening Geo. T. Stevens, Esq., was put in nomination as representative to the legislature.

There will be no preaching at the Baptist church Sunday next owing to the absence of the pastor, Rev. E. A. Davis, on his vacation. Sunday school at 12 M.; junior endeavor at 2.30; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6.

At the Episcopal church Sunday, July 31, Holy communion at 7 A. M.; sermon at 10 A. M.; Sunday school, catechism at 12; evening service as usual.

Service at M. E. church will be as usual with preaching at 10 A. M.; Sunday school at 12; sermon in the evening.

A large number went on the Baptist excursion to Katahdin Iron Works today. The Bandley and Great Works societies joined with them.

Misses Virginia King and Annie Douglass of Orono were in the city last evening calling on friends.

Mrs. James A. Thissell of Bangor, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Margaret Henderson, visited Mrs. H. E. Hellenbrand of Thursday.

Miss Janie Michaels, who has been teaching in Skowhegan returns to her home in Stillwater next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Byler, accompanied by their four children and Mrs. Byler's father, Mr. Crowe, left this noon for Northport, where they will spend a month at the Blanchard cottage.

Mrs. E. R. Alford and Miss Fannie Waldron returned yesterday from a carriage drive to Montsinge.

The storehouse on North Main street near the site of the old wooden mill is to be moved to a vacant lot on Stillwater avenue, next to the residence of Lorenzo Moore.

Mrs. Shiah Mellifin, who was in Stillwater Thursday to attend the funeral of the late Jamie Andrews, returned to Monson today.

Mrs. Ida Severance and daughter, of Stillwater, visited Mrs. C. O. Stevens Friday.

Miss Bernice Homes of Bangor, was in Gardiner Thursday calling on friends.

Messrs. Lloyd Martin and John and Ned Hilliard, who have camped out two weeks at Kennebunk, have returned home.

Miss Eleanor Stevens passed Thursday, the guest of Miss Lou Sawyer at Milford.

Mrs. Whitaker, of Bradley, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Hal Gray, has returned home.

Mrs. Walter Bastman, who has been visiting in Oldtown for several weeks, returns to her home in Boston Saturday. She will be accompanied by Mrs. Bert Bastman and the daughter Frances.

Mrs. George White and child are visiting relatives at Pushaw.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Filkeld, of East Eddington, were in Oldtown Friday visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Keith and Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Gould went to Northport Thursday making the trip with a carriage and a spare.

A very pleasant affair was the party given by Mr. and Mrs. Otis Cunningham on Fourth street last evening, the occasion being the 18th birthday of their daughter, Miss Susie. The evening was delightfully passed with music and games, after which refreshments, consisting of ice cream, cake and fruit were served. Miss Susie was the recipient of many beautiful and useful presents.

Mrs. Quinn and daughter, Agnes, of New Brunswick, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Irving Crosland on Oak street.

Mrs. Thomas Torrey is visiting her mother at Brunswick.

Mrs. L. A. Edgerly and Miss Rachel Weymouth are visiting friends at West Oldtown.

Mrs. Rose Stone, of Milford, was in Oldtown Friday visiting friends.

Miss S. B. Larrabee and Miss Eva Hodgdon leave next week for Harpswell where they will remain for several weeks.

Mrs. Gifford, who was called to Lee by the serious illness of a near relative, has returned home.

Sheriff Hartwell Carpenter has returned from a business trip to China and Winslow.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Davis and son Walter are passing a few days at Kennebunk.

Following are the reports of the Loan and Building Association officials:

At the end of the year now closing, your board of directors makes its usual report.

This association is still, as at the time of our last year's report, confronted with a general condition of depression in business, and, in consequence, lack of inclination on the part of people to take any special energy in opening new enterprises or in extending old ones. Our citizens have been cautious in contracting obligations which they might find difficult to meet, and have felt like deferring to a more prosperous future the building of houses, the improvement of property, the enlargement of their business or of their accommodations. It is therefore, not to be wondered at, if during the past year we have not fully taken up our income. We shall have, as the report of the secretary shows a comparatively large amount of cash to hand. But as is worth of notice this, in spite of the drawbacks mentioned the association has since our last annual meeting lent $9,000, which is nearly equal to our annual income from dues. From this it is evident that the increase in our cash balance does not altogether come from inability to place our money on investment. It is partly caused by the payment of some of the loans made prior to, as in former years, and the fact that in the face of the quietness in business which prevails, our borrowers have in some instances been able to anticipate the maturity of their indebtedness and relieve themselves from it, speaks well for the general character of the people with whom we have dealt, and we hope that in a certain degree as evidence of the care with which our loans have been selected. One misunderstanding occasioning surprise in

CROCKERS' HOTEL.

Opp. M. C. and B. & A. Station, Oldtown, Maine.

Light, airy rooms, electric light and bells, modern sanitary arrangements. Cafe connected, where lunches can be obtained at all hours.

LOOK AT OUR

Bicycles

AND GET PRICES.

Bicycle Sundries, Repairing and Wheels to Let.

OLD TOWN, - - MAINE.

Going Fishing?

Get your tackle of us. Entire outfits of the best.

SPLIT BAMBOO ROD 99 CTS

Take a Camera.

Agents for Eastman Kodak Co., and all leading makes. Photographers' supplies.

H. M. BURNHAM, Old Town.

Reopened for Business.

COUSINS' HOTEL

Ready to serve the public. Enlarged and gain newly furnished. Table service the best. Sales light.

GEO. C. COUSINS, Prop., Oldtown.

Penobscot Log Driving Company.

The Directors of the Penobscot Log Driving Company will be in session at the office of the clerk of said company, in Bangor on Friday, the fifth day of August, next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of making assessments upon the owners of logs in the present year's drive, to pay the expense of driving said logs and incidental charges, agreeable to the provisions of the charter of said company and any additional thereto.

Per order of the Directors.

GEO. S. CHALMERS, Clerk.

Bangor, Me., July 22, 1898.

CLASS CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Representative Class composed of the towns of Veazie, Greenfield, Milford, Holden, Eddington and Clifton are requested to meet at Town Hall, Eddington, Saturday, July 30th, 1898, at 2.30 P. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Representative to the Legislature to be voted for at the September election for the year 1898, and to transact such other business that may properly come before said convention.

Basis of representation: Each town will be entitled to one delegate and one additional delegate for every ten votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1896 and one delegate for a majority fraction of last ten votes so cast.

Per order Republican Class Com.,

FRED L. PRATT, Chairman.

Veazie, Me., July 7, 1898.

CLASS CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the representative class composed of the towns of Lincoln, Lee, Lowell and Burlington and townships No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3, are notified to meet by delegates in convention at the town hall in Lincoln on Saturday, July 30th, at 3 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for representative to the legislature and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said convention.

Lincoln will be entitled to seven delegates, Lee four, Lowell three, Burlington two, and the townships one each.

Per order Class Committee.

Lincoln, July 15 1898.

CLASS CONVENTION.

The Republican Mass Convention of the towns of Exeter, Corinth and Newport, will be holden at Meridian Hall, Newport, Saturday, July 30, at 2.30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating a Republican Candidate to the next Legislature, to be supported at the polls in the September election, next, choice of selection to be made from the town of Newport.

Republican voters of the class towns above mentioned are hereby notified and requested to meet in Mass Convention without further notice.

Per order of Republican Class Committee.

GEO. M. BARROWS, Secretary.

W. I. WOOD, Chairman.

Dated at Corinna, Me., this 16th day of July, 1898.

Class Convention.

The Republican voters of the representative Class composed of the towns of Bradford, Charleston, Corinth, Kenduskeag and Hudson, are notified to meet by delegates in convention at Town Hall in Kenduskeag on the 30th day of July, 1898, at 2 o'clock P. M., to nominate a candidate for representative to the legislature, and to transact such other business as may properly come before said convention.

Basis of representation: Each town one delegate; for every ten votes cast for the Republican candidate for governor in 1896, one additional delegate; and for six votes in excess of the last ten votes, one additional delegate.

Henry D. Worth,
Chairman Class Committee.

East Corinth, July 18, 1898.

EXCURSION

TO

NORTHPORT AND CAMDEN,

TUESDAY, AUG. 2, 1898.

Steamer Sedgwick leaves Bangor 1.30 for Northport & Camden. Returning, leaves Camden 7 p. m., North ports.

Fare 50 Cents.

GEO. H. BARBOUR, Pres.
H. W. BARBOUR, Mgr.

CHILDREN'S PICNIC DAY.

A Beautiful Afternoon Sail Down the Penobscot River,

Every Saturday Afternoon,

During July and August.

STEAMER TREMONT

will leave Bar Harbor wharf at 2 p. m. and sail down the river as far as Fort Point; stop to see the ruins of the Fort Point Hotel and return direct to Bangor.

FARE 25c.

Children under six years, free, when accompanied by parents.

Steamer will arrive at Bangor at about 7 p. m.

GEO. H. BARBOUR, Pres.
H. W. BARBOUR, Mgr.

...ON OPEN HACKS.

...and a big blow-out at the ... in Autelope in Lewis ... week, the occasion being ... of the anniversary of the ... a Coeur d'Alene In... last year.

A feast was given by the ... deceased, to all who ... entire tribe was invited, ... including the children, ac...

...made a characteristic ... followed by Peter Wild... the virtues of the de... chief of the Spokane tribe ... the assembly. The feast ... o'clock and lasted un... feast was given by the ... must have cost a ... excellent food was ... throng present.

...are rapidly becoming ... assuming the customs ... whites more each year. ... farms, goods housed ... and one passing over ... would not believe that ... by Indians did be not ... houses are generally ... painted and look neat ... name have excellent ... well filled. ... large amount of grain ... sell it in Tekoa. A large ... loaded at a side track on ... but the grain is sold to ... and the money is largely ...

...men dress entirely like ... come to town in fine ... hacks. They are quite ... excellent citizens and ... except when under the ... influence, sold to them by ... white persons.—Spokane ...

...not be entirely womanly ... a perfect woman—if she ... health. In just so much ... affects the organs that ... man, in just so much she ... less. This is the vital ... th. If anything is wrong ... suit in all manner of ills. ... Careless or too busy, ... medicy treat the symp... and of disorder as tempo... ailments. The sympa... and varied, so much so ... man is sick in any way ... should be given to the ... feminine. About 8 times ... of the trouble will be ... Pierce's Favorite Pre... will disorders of this kind ... work about it. It is a ... demonstrated in 90 ... preceding practice. Thou... have written gratefully ... wished the whole world ... how the wonderful ... has done for them.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

TUESDAY, JULY 26th

We shall open our Ninth Annual

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE

Of Men's, Boys' and Children's

[illegible]

and in addition will offer THREE HUNDRED MEN'S FINE ALL WOOL SUITS, made to sell at $12 and $14 but consigned to us with orders to sell at some price. As we do not believe in Fake sales nor Fake advertising and never indulge in either, the people know that our Clearance Sales are just what we represent them to be.

At $[illegible] At $[illegible]

We offer a consolidated lot of Men's Suits, mostly small sizes, one or two of a kind; regular $10 and $12 suits. If you can get a fit among these you will secure a prize.

About 150 Men's Suits, broken lines, regular $8, $10 and $12 quality; not many of a kind, but a good many kinds to select from.

At $[illegible] At $7.50

A great assortment of fine all-wool Suits from our regular $9.50 and $10 assortments, and six styles from our consigned stock; all sizes and great bargains.

Here we offer the greatest values in Men's fine all-wool Suits ever shown in Bangor; all our regular $12 and $13.50 lines, and also eight styles from our consigned stock, which are offered at less than the actual raw cost of manufacture.

All our $14, $15, $18 and $20 Suits marked to $10.00 and $12.50. Just as good values in Boys' and Children's Clothing.

To have no long drawn out explanations for this sale; we are simply unloading and making special efforts to boom our business up to its regular standard. We have no doubt the result nor of your opinion if you look us over.

STANDARD CLOTHING CO.,

14 West Market Square, Bangor.

J. F. CROWLEY, Manager.

FOR SALE

2 Houses on Essex street
2 Houses on Elm street
2 Houses on Highland Avenue
House on Grove street
House on Date street
House on Pine street
House on Larkin street
House on West Broadway
House on Forest Avenue
House on Third Street
Several Farms both large and small
Some good House lots
A few good Rents

AYER & CO., 89 Main St.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND AUCTIONEERS.

WE HAVE

a few old fashioned

Preserving Cherries, Fine Georgia Peaches, Cantelopes, Watermelons, New Comb Honey.

T[illegible]S[illegible] & [illegible]SS,

LEADING GROCERS OF EASTERN MAINE.

TELEPHONE 6-2.

At HARLOW'S DRUG STORE,

ALL THE BEST

Disinfectants and Purifying Chemicals

for House Cleansing. Buffalo Bug Destroyer, Insect Powder, Whale Oil Soap, Sponges, Soaps, Perfumes.

Harlow's Drug Store.

Onawa House,

ONAWA, MAINE, Via Henderson.

E. C. MORRILL, Prop.,

Good Salmon Fishing near the House.

WHERE IS ONAWA?

Only 18 miles from Brownville Jct., on the C. P. R. R., and one of the loveliest spots in Maine, where the scenery is fine. Station near the house, and Lake Onawa only 40 rods away. Five minutes walk to the big trestle. One party saw 25 deer in four days within three miles of the house, the third week in July.

NOTICE.

Dr. Smith will be out of town this week until next Tuesday on account of sickness.

WHY THEY [illegible] US.

Continentals Fear Our Gaining Power and Envy Our Prosperity.

THESE REASONS ASCRIBED.

Under the head "The Continental Dislike of Americans" the Spectator (London) of July 16 has this to say:

"We are unable to doubt, though we are unwilling to believe, that the feeling of the Continent is genuinely unfriendly to America. The governments, of course, are fairly civil, but even they are beginning to talk among themselves, or sometimes openly, as in Count Goluchowski's speech, of the 'transoceanic peril,' but of the general aristocratic, middle class, and, indeed, popular feeling there can be little doubt. In newspapers, in clubs, in society, even in the streets, the dislike of Americans, the wish that they might be defeated, the desire, if it were only safe, to give them some savage snub, is unmistakable. Everybody out of office on the Continent sides with Spain; everybody accepts stories to American discredit without inquiry; everybody assumes that in settling terms of peace America is bound to be gentle and self-denying, and to abstain from acquiring anything which she did not previously say she intended to acquire. There is an indignant surprise at the idea of her keeping the Philippines or laying the presumption to ask for Porto Rico. In fact the disposition betrayed by the Russian journalist who calls the defeat of Admiral Cervera in a battle which the same Admiral is extolled for challenging, 'a butchery,' is the disposition of the majority of Continental men. They apologize for their dislike sometimes, as indiscreet or even unjustifiable, but they feel it, and feel it very deeply. That is a state of opinion which may one day gravely affect the policies of the world, and, indeed, affect them now, and it is worth while to inquire what it exactly means, and how far it is likely to be permanent. We see no reason to believe that it is a passing gust of emotion. The Continental people are not devoted to Spain, and, except in France for pecuniary reasons, are not specially interested in her prosperity. She is Catholic, no doubt, and the United States are Protestant; and there is a solidarity of Catholicism, but it is a very limited force in modern politics, and does not prevent Austria from regarding herself in alliance of exceptional strictness with the chief of Continental Protestant Powers. Italy is not so devoted to the Pope that his interests affect her judgment, and in Russia the usual trend of feeling is distinctively anti-Catholic—the reason for the severity always displayed to Poland. Nor can we believe that the unfriendliness is merely a manifestation of dislike for republics. The America of which the Continent has any knowledge or recollection never was thus rebuked, and even if it had been nations do not greatly care about the institutions under which other nations, whether their rivals or not, may choose to live. If Russia were only weak, the autocracy might last forever for all the Germans would care. The unfriendliness must have some deeper source than the momentary conflict between the Union and a European Power.

"We believe that it springs from precisely the same source as the dislike for Great Britain herself—namely, the envy of a prosperity considered overweening, dislike for the bearing of Americans, and a vague apprehension akin to that felt by many Englishmen about Russia, that they will ultimately threaten the very existence—or is it the subsistence?—of less numerous races. Of these motives the former is, with the body of the peoples, the strongest. They hear incessantly from the emigrants, as well as the journals, of the marvellous wealth of Americans, of the success of their manufactures, of the expansion of their trade, and of the general well-being produced by all these causes. They see that the 'Yankees,' as they call them, bear none of the usual burdens, that they have no conscription, no need for watching their neighbors, no restraints upon their liberty and they detest them almost as strongly as Socialists detest the rich bourgeoisie. Why, they ask, should Americans be so happy while Europeans are so miserable? They want taking down. This distaste is increased by a belief that the Americans are not only no better than Europeans, but that they are morally and intellectually inferior to them, that their officials are corrupt, their clergy hypocritical, their possessors given up to purely material interests. They care nothing for art, have never erected a building and have produced no literature. They look on the Americans, in fact, much as a Mugwump does on an Alderman of Chicago, and are taken to think that such a people is, of all mankind, that which has succeeded best in the economic competition, and has been most successful in uniting liberty and plenty. They cannot bear the peculiar American form of swagger, which is not like either their own swagger or that of Englishmen, and misunderstand their directness and realism in speech as a form of boorishness. All people in the world, we have long noticed, are annoyed by the English habit of 'chaff,' and the Continental is as vexed by American 'gawkiness,' and sub-satiric humor, that he even fails to recognize, what every Englishman sees, that kindliness to those who only demand equality is of the very essence of the special American character. He thinks them spiteful as well as selfish and looks upon their high tariffs, the result of a false political economy, as dictated by a wish to impoverish Europe and thrust it out of its natural right to compete for trade. The Continentals have, too, a certain fear of the Republic, an idea hardly formulated except among statesmen, but still visible among the masses, that it may attain to giant proportions, that it may one day arm itself, and that when it does the external commerce of the Continent, if not its internal independence, will be at the mercy of America. For all these reasons they hold Americans in detestation.

"These feelings have always existed since America became great, but the cover has been lifted off them. In the shock of a new development, America had till this year one great merit in Continental eyes which almost compensated for her many delinquencies and her detestable prosperity. She was a counterpoise to Great Britain. It was a universally diffused impression that Washington disliked London, that the frequent 'twisting of the lion's tail' was only a symptom of a deep seated impulse, that the two Powers must in the end quarrel for Canada, and that then the heartburning of the world would be assuaged by the common ruin of both. That pleasing prospect has been at all events blurred by the new amity between Great Britain and America, which may develop into an alliance that seems not only to statesmen, but to merchants and financiers of the Continent, to threaten to place the control of the world's commerce in Anglo-Saxon hands. That is a horrible prospect to men who still believe at heart that all power translates itself into money, and who are well aware that if they themselves controlled all trade no rival would enjoy in peace so much as their leavings. The mere apprehension of such a result daunts all who, be it remembered, are haunted by the Socialist specter, the fear that their countries will soon cease to produce enough for their increasing multitude of inhabitants, while it renders lower men

savage in their estimate of the countries forces from which they have so much to fear. Imagine a 'coster' who finds another coster in possession of all the profitable street! Even the English, who as a rule fear nothing very keenly, find it hard to be just to Russia; to believe, for example, that she governs Central Asia much better than it was governed before; and men of the Continent once alarmed for their material well-being are much more bitter than the English ever are. The French, therefore, ridicule the idea of an Anglo-Saxon alliance; the Russians assert that it is a dream, and the Germans, with menace in their tones, declare that it would be a world-peril. Meanwhile they they all think themselves released from any temptation to hypocrisy, and bring daily precisely the charges against America which they brought, and bring, against Great Britain. The Americans are declared, like the British, to be supremely selfish, to be intent on exploiting the world—and Cuba—for their own advantage, to be always boasting of non-existent forces, and, above all, it is a curious charge, considering what the writers of both nations habitually say about themselves—to be monstrously hypocritical. The outburst will alter nothing, for States are guided by their interests rather than their opinions, but it tends, like many other circumstances, to divide the civilized world into two great camps, and to make Englishmen and Americans, who when let alone do not reflect very deeply about general questions, thoughtful with a newly born self-consciousness. 'Have we really so much of the great fund provided by nature that all others are regarding us with wolfish eyes?' Let us hope that it is not so but till we are certain let us keep each other company down the road."

TRANSPORT ARRIVES WITH CONVALESCENT SOLDIERS.

New York, July 29. The United States transport Leona, Capt. Wilder, arrived this morning at quarantine from Siboney July 23, via Hampton Roads 28, bringing forty convalescent soldiers and two newspaper correspondents. Of the soldiers five were wounded at the front. On arriving at Hampton Roads July 27 the steamer, owing to her having 29 fever cases on board, was ordered to proceed to New York. There were some deaths during the voyage from Siboney to this port. The Leona brought twelve sacks of mail from the United States camp at Siboney. This mail will be disinfected at quarantine and forwarded to the New York postoffice. The following is a complete list of sick and wounded soldiers on board the Leona. The first 29 are fever patients, most of them convalescent.

H. W. Miller, lieut., 15th Infantry; John Young, sergeant, signal corps; John W. Burns, private, battery E, 1st artillery; David M. Wells, musician, Co. F, 9th infantry; Private Frank L. Boless, Co. L, 28th infantry; Private Carl Miller, Co. C, 33d Michigan; Private Sidney F. Luke, Co. E, 33d Michigan; Private D. T. Philpot, troop B, 1st Virginia cavalry; C. G. Maurier, 17th infantry; Chas. Pencoe, 28th infantry; Thos Russell, Co. A, 20th infantry; F. E. Albright, Co. C, 13th infantry; Fred Fowler, Co. I, 33d Michigan; A. J. Stockbridge, troop F, 1st Virginia cavalry; J. S. Davison, Co. H, 12th infantry; Al Fisher, Co. C, 3d infantry; J. Proctor, troop B, 1st Virginia cavalry; W. D. [illegible], Co. A, 6th infantry; Carl [illegible], Co. H, 20th infantry; Clyde F. Clark, Co. E, engineers; Albert Sleeth, Co. F, 20th infantry; R. B. Corbin, reporter; Burr McIntosh, reporter; Private Wm. Hudle, Co. F, 20th infantry; Private [illegible] Gestroff, Co. H, 20th infantry; Louis Rosemound, chief cook; Frank Jeffrey, Co. K, 34th Michigan; Wm. J. Looley, Co. F, 9th Massachusetts; Dan'l Nelson, 10th infantry; Lieut. [illegible] J. C[illegible], 6th infantry; Private H. J. Smith, troop C, 2d cavalry; Louis Rinn, Co. H, 3d cavalry; Lee Estes, Co. G, 7th infantry; [illegible] Hellen, Co. F, 33d Michigan; Sergeant Gee Dan, Co. D, 6th infantry; Private Clifford E. Cross, Co. G, 1st District of Columbia volunteers; Albert Skees, troop C, 2d cavalry; T. J. French, 16th infantry; Wm. Miller, Co. B, 1st District of Columbia volunteers; B. Laenthal, battery K, 1st artillery; Corporal Alexander Hysock, 24th infantry; Private G. E. Wallace, Co. A, 20th infantry; Private Wm. Walker, Co. E, 25th infantry; Private J. E. Crabb, Co. C, 24th infantry; Private Wm. Perry, Co. A, 24th infantry; Private E. Wilson, Co. A, 78th infantry; F. Barnett, troop F, 10th infantry; Wm. Dooley, troop D, 9th cavalry; Henry Seemansen, battery K, 1st artillery; Cecil Beekley, hospital corps; O. Finley, colored boy, camp follower.

Dr. Doty the health officer, boarded the Leona on arrival and found all the sick and wounded convalescent or improving. Twenty-nine were suffering with fever, principally of a malarial form. There was no surgeon on board and the men were attended by the ship's people and their own officers and comrades. Owing to the fact that the history of the cases showed that no temperature charts were taken or other records to guide the health officer and the fact that these men were ordered north because the authorities at Fortress Monroe would not allow them to land, Dr. Doty decided to remove the 29 patients to Swinburne Island and the convalescent and well soldiers to Hoffman Island. If at the end of the 24 hours it is found that none show symptoms of yellow fever, the Leona and all of her detained passengers will be released. Dr. Doty says from a brief examination he does not see any reason to apprehend that any of the cases are yellow fever, and that in all probability they will be released tomorrow. All the passengers were promptly transferred to the islands by the steamer James Wadsworth and the disinfection was immediately commenced at 10 o'clock this morning.

HOOLEY'S CHARGES

Denied by Duke of Somerset.

London, July 29. Denials of the allegations made by Ernest Terah Hooley, the company promoter, in the bankruptcy court, continue to be published here. The Duke of Somerset writes that he was of course ignorant that his co-directors had accepted money until he read Mr. Hooley's evidence and then, the odds, needless to say, he forthwith retired from the directorate of the Dunlop Company.

The Earl of Warwick also emphatically denies that he received any of the Hooley money.

CABLE SERVICE

Notice Issued by the Censor.

New York, July 29. The following notice has today been sent to all the cable companies in this city by Grant Squires, the military censor for this city:

"I hereby raise all restrictions heretofore imposed by me as censor, as to the character of new messages you may send abroad on and after this date excepting as only heretofore all messages addressed to Spain and her colonies. It will be observed that this notice is intended to cover cable messages only intended for transmission abroad, and that all other foreign cable business and all domestic business of every sort are under the same restrictions now in force. (Signed) Grant Squires, U. S. Military Censor."

An American newspaper man in London says that A. Conan Doyle looks like a prize-fighter or a hammer-thrower, out of training.

MADRID DISCUSSES PROSPECTS OF PEACE.

Madrid, July 29, 10 A. M. Referring to the prospects of peace, the Correspondencia, an independent semi-official newspaper, says today:

"While the government has asked for peace without stipulating a preliminary suspension of hostilities, it is supposed that an armistice will be declared as soon as the basis is agreed upon and pending a definite settlement. No basis has yet been submitted, but among the conditions mentioned is one relative to an international conference in London to arrange the future of the Philippine Islands. We do not believe the Americans will propose such a conference because they have no interest in doing so and could not derive any benefit therefrom. Neither is the Spanish government favorable to such a conference, considering the negotiations which it has opened directly with the United States, are better calculated to secure a good understanding between the two countries."

It is understood that the Spanish transports Isla de Panay and Isla del Luzon will sail from Cadiz today for Santiago de Cuba in order to embark the Spanish prisoners of war.

TALK OF THE DAY.

When the gunboat Gov. Russell sails from the Brooklyn Navy Yard, where she has been taking on her armament, she is very likely to attract as much attention as a battleship, for no more awkward looking boat has been mustered into the navy during the present war. The Gov. Russell began her career as a ferryboat, and as soon as she is properly equipped it is intended to send her to Cuba for blockade service. The use of a ferryboat for such work seems incongruous, and yet some of our ferryboats which were armed during the civil war proved themselves to be very serviceable boats for blockade duty and as patrol boats in some of the Southern rivers. The Gov. Russell is a good type of the modern ferryboat, with a strong hull and good engines, and if it came to close action she would be no mean antagonist. The ramming power of a ferryboat was demonstrated very clearly in the North river four or five years ago. One of these boats, in coming out of her slip, ran into a powerful iron steamship which happened to be passing and sunk her in a very few minutes. The ferryboat was not under full speed at the time of the accident, and it was then suggested that such boats might be utilized for harbor defence in an emergency. The Gov. Russell will not be a graceful addition to our navy but experts say that she will be comfortable in a hot climate and also useful.

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The commutation of the sentence of George W. Post, who was serving a ten years term in Clinton prison for defrauding John M. Peck, of Albany, out of $14,000 in 1889, has liberated a man whose career as a confidence man puts him in police records with his partners Tom O'Brien and Big Woodward. Chief of Police Willard, of Albany, has a complete list of Post's swindles which foot up to nearly $150,000, and no one but Post himself knows how much more he has secured by confidence games. Tom O'Brien, known as the King of Bunco Steerers, was Post's accomplice in defrauding Mr. Peck. O'Brien was taken to Utica by a prison keeper and there he made his escape. Despite the vigilance of the police O'Brien got out of the country, and the first authentic news of him was the statement that he was serving a life sentence in a French prison for shooting Reed Waddell, a crook who had befriended him, in Paris. O'Brien began life as a newsboy and his first crime was the robbery of a man on a train. O'Brien fairly won his title of King of the Bunco Steerers and whenever he got into the hands of the police his friends came forward with money to defend him. For several years before his conviction Post's criminal career was mixed up with that of O'Brien and the two men worked many large swindles. The news of Post's release was telegraphed to the various police departments in this country, and in Boston the superintendent of the police wrote on Post's picture in the Rogues' Gallery the inscription, "George W. Post, the brainiest and most dangerous bunco man in the world, now at large." Post's friends say also that his experience in prison has led him to repent and that he will bunco no more. If he settles in any large city he will undoubtedly be watched closely by the police, and his opportunities to follow his old career will be limited.

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The ephemeral nature of a certain kind of fame or notoriety was well illustrated in New York on Saturday. One of the visitors at the Produce Exchange was Joseph Leiter, the young Chicago wheat speculator, whose every move was watched closely several months ago and promptly chronicled not only in the newspapers here but in Europe. Stories of his college career and of his immense profits in his gigantic wheat deal found credence, no matter how preposterous their details and young Mr. Leiter visited New York when apparently he was in control of the wheat market of the world he would have attracted almost as much attention as has Constructor Hobson. There was some curiosity in the Produce Exchange to see the young speculator who had been as daring as any plunger who preceded him and who came nearer to success, but an obscure paragraph in the newspapers was the only public announcement of his presence.

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When Constructor Hobson finds time to do a little reading he will undoubtedly be much entertained by 5,000 newspaper clippings which have been gathered for him by an agency in this city. The statement has been made that when the lying came Hobson ordered from an agency 100 clippings in which his name happened to be mentioned in despatches. Whether this is true or not, it probably would have comprehended every mention of his name, if he had not sailed the Merrimac into Santiago harbor. After that event every paper in Europe and America had a lot to say about him and the clippings piled up. Among the clippings are a few from Spanish newspapers which treated him as his bravery deserved but there are also German and Italian clippings which would be unpleasant reading for him if he did not know the animus which prompted their anger. One English paper says ingeniously that the deed was brave, but that, owing to the fine chivalry of the Spaniards, Hobson and men ran no risk of being killed as the Spaniards only wanted to sink the ship and not to injure the crew. This paper is published in Sheffield and it is a little hard for an American to believe, even if the Spaniards merely shot to sink the ship, that Spanish chivalry combined with Spanish marksmanship did not make the deck of the Merrimac a dangerous promenade. Mr. Hobson has a large stock awaiting him when he gazes on the pictures that many papers have printed of him, but the same cool nerve that he displayed on the Merrimac will undoubtedly pull him through.

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Captain Whiting of the Monadnock, is called the "Hawaiian Mascot," because he was there when Kamehameha V died and Lunalilo ascended the throne and also when Lunalilo died and Kalakaua ascended the throne; he attended Kalakaua in America in 1877; was in Honolulu in 1893 at the time of the change of government, married a Hawaiian, and was there when Congress passed the annexation law.

President Kruger though he lives very simply, is said to be very wealthy, his fortune being estimated at about $5,000,000, besides the $40,000 a year for his services to the State.

FIRE IN BOARDING HOUSE.

Inmates Panic Stricken in Smoke and Flames.

One Young Lady Jumped From Second Story.

South Norwalk, Ct., July 29. By the explosion of an oil stove a fire was caused at 10.30 this morning which totally destroyed with its contents the Summit House, three miles from Norwalk. The house was leased by Mrs. Jane Jones, of Brooklyn, as a boarding house. The fifteen inmates escaped panic stricken through blinding smoke and flames, with the exception of Miss Lucy Henderson, of New York. Finding escape from her room cut off Miss Henderson jumped from the third story, breaking her leg. Miss Henderson is a niece of ex-Secretary Whitney. A servant was rescued by means of a ladder from the roof. No other casualties are reported. The loss will exceed $5,000.

SUDDEN DEATH

Of a Prominent Physician.

Philadelphia, July 29. A telegram received here today from San Francisco announces that Dr. Wm. Pepper, of this city, died suddenly last night of heart trouble. He left here recently on a special car to visit friends who have a ranch near San Francisco and nothing was known of his illness until the receipt of the telegram announcing his sudden death. Dr. Pepper was one of the most distinguished and widely known physicians in the United States. He was for many years provost of the University of Pennsylvania and at the time of his death was president of the Commercial Museum.

FISHING FLEET

Have Narrow Escape in Severe Storm.

London, July 29. The northeast coast of this country has been swept by a great storm. The fishing fleet have had a narrow escape, being obliged to relinquish their gear and run for the harbors for shelter where many other vessels were compelled to seek refuge. The steam vessel trains have been delayed by the force of the winds, which have caused considerable damage inland, the crops having been flattened. There were some minor fatal wrecks in the North sea.

CALAIS NEWS.

Increased Telephone Service—Another Regatta—Personal Mention.

(Special to Whig and Courier.)

Calais, July 29. There will be no services in the Union church during the month of August. During this time the church will be entirely repodeled and beautified.

Poles have been received by the New England Telephone Company for the extension of their lines in this city, and the work of putting them up will begin at an early date. As soon as the wires are strung the all night service for which local subscribers have strived so long will be inaugurated.

Another regatta will be held at an early date, possibly on August 13th. The course will be from the public landing St. Stephen to a stake boat moored a short distance below the bridge, in the centre of the river. Each boat may turn the stake boat from the side of the river most convenient. Each oarsman must pay an entrance fee of 25 cents, and pay a fine of 50 cents if he does not start. The committees appointed to select oarsmen are C. J. Sawyer and Steve Glover for Calais, and W. B. Ganong and Juan McGibbon for St. Stephen. C. Aubrey Upham is treasurer. The oarsmen are requested to meet at the Whist on Tuesday evening, August 9th at 8 o'clock to draw for partners and positions.

The Union Society and Sunday School will hold their annual picnic at Campobello on Thursday, August 10th.

Mrs. Lewis McKenzie of Boston is visiting relatives in St. Stephen.

Mr. and Mrs. James Murray and their children, and Miss Nellie Meredith are spending a few days in camp at the Ledge.

The ball game between the Houlton and Calais teams at Houlton on Thursday resulted in a victory for the Houlton boys, the score being 18 to 4. Another game will be played today when it is hoped Calais will make a better showing.

Mrs. John E. Alger returned from St. Andrews on Tuesday.

The Misses Maggie and Dora Bolz are spending two weeks at Oak Bay.

D. S. Mitchell, representing the Massachusetts Equitable Accident Association of Boston, Mass., is in the city.

Customs Officer Dudley is enjoying a month's vacation.

The ladies of the Union church will sell ice cream and cake in their vestry Saturday evening.

John McBean, formerly of this city, whose failing health obliged his retirement from the ministry and who now resides in Kennebunk, has received the appointment of assistant chaplain to the Fourth Massachusetts Volunteers which has been ordered to be in readiness to go to the front on short notice.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

YOU WANT IT.

ORDER FOR

Uncle Sam's Navy Art Portfolio

Bring this order together with 10 cents in cash for each Portfolio.

"THE WHIG" PORTFOLIO DEPARTMENT, BANGOR, MAINE.

TUESDAY, JUNE 28th.

Parts 1 to 12 inclusive now ready for distribution. All orders promptly attended to.

New, Fresh, Dainty,

SUMMER HATS.

Just Trimmed. Choice Material. For a Little Money.

See our latest New Sailors; nice cheap ones and cheap nice ones.

C. [illegible] DUFF[illegible]

45 Main Street, Bangor.

We have all Butterick Summer Patterns, including August.

CLASS CONVENTION.

The Republican voters of the Representative class composed of the towns of Glenburn, Hermon, Levant, and Corinna are to meet in mass convention at the Town Hall in Glenburn, on Monday, August 1st, 1898, at 2.30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating a Republican candidate to the next Legislature to be supported at the polls in the September election, next. Choice of representative to be made from the town of Glenburn.

Republican voters of the class towns above mentioned are hereby notified and requested to meet in mass convention without further notice.

Per order of Republican Class Committee.

J. M. GIBBS, Chairman.

By A. T. French, Secretary of Glenburn Republican Town Committee.

Dated at Glenburn, this 23rd day of July, 1898.

Wholesale Produce Market.

Corrected semi-weekly by the Grocers Association.

STATE LAW REGARDING WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

A bushel of Liverpool salt shall weigh 60 pounds, and a bushel of Turks Island salt shall weigh 70 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of potatoes, in good order and fit for shipping, is 60 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of beans in good order, and fit for shipping, is 62 pounds. Of wheat, beets, ruta baga turnips and peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds; of onions, 52 pounds; of carrots, English turnips, rye and Indian meal, 50 pounds; of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds; of oats, 32 pounds or even measure as by agreement.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BEANS—	
Improved Yellow Eye per bush	[illegible]
Pea, hand picked, per bush	[illegible]
BUTTER	[illegible]
CHEESE—	
Best Factory per lb. (new)	[illegible]
Best Dairy, per pound (new)	12
DRIED APPLES—	
Choice strung, per pound	[illegible]
Choice sliced	[illegible]
EGGS—	
Freshlaid per dozen	[illegible]
HAY—	
Best loose, per ton	[illegible]
PEAS—	
Improved, per bush	[illegible]
Best Canada, whole	[illegible]
POTATOES—	
New, per bush	[illegible]
POULTRY—	
Chickens, Spring, per lb	[illegible]
ONIONS—	
Per Crate	[illegible]

BREADSTUFFS, GRAIN, ETC.

OATMEAL—	
Best Scotch, per lb	[illegible]
Best Irish	[illegible]
Best Canada	[illegible]
RYE MEAL per lb	[illegible]
GRAHAM FLOUR	[illegible]
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR	[illegible]
SUGAR—	
Granulated, per lb	[illegible]
Extra	[illegible]
PORK—	
Country, clear, per lb	[illegible]
Western	[illegible]
LARD—	
Bulk, from tierces, per lb	[illegible]
Home in pails	[illegible]

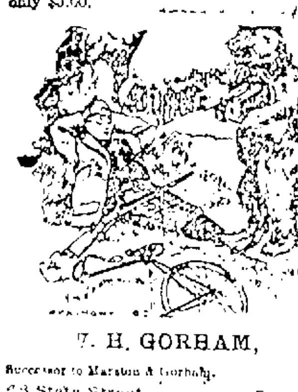
RETAIL PRICES CURRENT.

SALT—	
Bangor, ground, in boxes per box	20c
English butter salt in 14lb bags, per bag	[illegible]
In 56 lb bags	[illegible]
Liverpool, per bush	[illegible]
Turks Island	[illegible]
HERRING—	
English, sealed, in boxes, per box	25c
RAISINS—	
Loose Muscatels, per lb	[illegible]
London layers	[illegible]
Sultana	[illegible]
CURRANTS—	
English, per lb	[illegible]
KEROSENE OIL—	
150 test, per gallon	12c
VINEGAR—	
Pure cider, per gallon	[illegible]
Pure W. W.	[illegible]
OATS	[illegible]
FLOUR—	
Best Spring Ha[illegible]	[illegible]
Best St. Louis	[illegible]
Good Family	[illegible]
CORN—	
Full weight	[illegible]
CORN MEAL—	
50 pounds to bushel	[illegible]
COTTON SEED MEAL—	
In sacks of 100 lbs	1.20
SHORTS—	
Mixed feed	[illegible]
Spring wheat per hundred	[illegible]
MIDDLINGS—	
Fine per hundred	[illegible]
Coarse	[illegible]
GLUTEN MEAL	[illegible]
Feed Flour	[illegible]
WHEAT	80c

Glowworms are much more brilliant when a storm is coming than at other seasons. Like many mysteries of nature, this curious circumstance has never been explained.

Anybody Can Take a Good Picture

with the FALCON CAMERA. With the least bit of care a failure to get a good photograph is almost an impossibility. We praise this camera because it is simple in its construction and takes very good pictures. We have other cameras which cost more and are better for certain kinds of work, but for all around excellence the Falcon is good enough for any one. And the price is only $5.00.



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Mail orders promptly attended to.

St. Croix Exchange Hotel

The largest and leading hotel in the city, with all modern improvements. The most centrally located, accessible to all parts of the city. All lines of electric cars pass its doors.

CLARENCE L. CHAPMAN, Prop.

CALAIS, MAINE.

For Sale.

The most desirable residence property in the city. The Frank Wood estate, on Third and Cedar streets, is now for the first time offered in lots of residences.

The Third street front is divided in four lots, No. 1 being 67x80, Nos. 2 and 3, 55x80 and the lot on the Cedar street 100x78, a driveway of 15 feet being reserved in the rear of the same in common with the present house and back lots.

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[illegible]

[illegible] Washington Music [illegible]

(Contributed by Mrs. F. L. Tuck.)

FRIDAY MORNING MUSIC CLUB OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

It surely will interest the musical people of Bangor, also unmusical, to know something of the famous Friday morning music club of Washington, D. C. The object in forming this club was for the advancement of musical culture in Washington among those interested in music.

The bringing of musical people is never so congenial as at a club, where the capabilities are brought forth in a manner never before known. It necessarily brings together companionable people, and pure enjoyment of the greatest of all arts is the result.

Miss Grace H. Boutelle, of our city, who has won a literary reputation in poetry and short stories, is a devoted member of this club. It speaks exceedingly well of Miss Boutelle's musical ability to be a member, as the executants or active members are musicians only of recognized ability. Unfortunately but few people in Bangor have had the pleasure of hearing Miss Boutelle's piano playing. Her execution is exceptional and also very musical.

* * *

In the atmosphere of the Congressional library, upon which she gave a most interesting lecture before the Athene Club, Miss Boutelle enjoys opportunities which few possess. This adds greatly to her intense love for music, poetry and art.

The club of which she is so enthusiastic a member, is a serious one as the readers will have opportunity of judging. The meetings have been held every Friday morning at 10.30 for several years past in the Washington Club rooms, from November to the first of April. The club is the chief social club of the city as the Friday morning club is the chief musical.

The former club consists of the wives of the President and Cabinet officers, in fact, all the official element of the capital, with other elite of the city. The corner room is given freely to the Friday morning club.

* * *

The room in the club house which is especially set aside for concerts and lectures is situated on 1710, I street.

It has a platform at the rear, well lighted from above, decorated with tapestries and Japanese embroideries which are loaned by the members of the Friday morning club. There are two pianos, an upright and grand on the platform.

The officers of the club are Mrs. Patten, president; Miss Hunt, vice president; Mrs. Bard, musical director; Mrs. Dean, assistant musical director; Miss Bradley, treasurer and recording secretary; Miss Bell, corresponding secretary.

Mrs. Patten, Mrs. Bard, Mrs. Dean, Mrs. Robbins, Mrs. Sewall form the membership committee, and it consists always of the president, musical director, assistant musical director and two others chosen from the club. Mrs. Dean is librarian.

The officers are chosen at the annual meeting which is held in April. There are six of the older members of the club who helped to organize and whose interest has never ceased since the beginning. The management of the club has never as yet been transferred to others, the original members desiring the management to remain as it is.

* * *

The duties of the officers are the same as in any club. The assistant musical director has programmes of each meeting placed in the clubs, for reference, and passes the music for the chorus.

The accompanist for the ladies' chorus is engaged with a salary for the season.

The librarian has charge of the music at the club, but the books which the club own, are kept at a private residence where the members exchange at certain periods. The library of books began this last year, and is enjoyed very much by the club. It of course adds zest and broadens the musical life.

The membership committee stands also for a board of directors. Besides its regular duties, it decides on applications for those wishing to become active members. There are active, passive, associate and honorary members. The active members only contribute to the programmes given. At present there are twenty-nine, one passive, eleven associate and three honorary members.

* * *

It is very pleasant to know the club has a ladies' chorus, similar to the Rossini Club of Portland. It includes all active, passive and associate members, and the chorus practice is held promptly at 10.30 every Friday morning, and is really the beginning of the club meeting. Practice is held for a little over half an hour. Delightful part songs, trios and quartettes are sung at these rehearsals, also heavier compositions arranged for female voices. The chorus sings in public only when the club gives complimentary concerts to the Washington Club through the winter, of which two are in the afternoon and two in the evening.

* * *

After the chorus practice, a musical talk or lecture is given by one of the members which lasts nearly a half hour. For the past winter the orchestra has been the subject of the several talks, and the members feel that their knowledge of different instruments and their use in the orchestra is surprisingly extended.

Following the musical talk comes the regular programme of an hour's length.

The club is divided into sections—A and B—who play alternately either in solo or ensemble work. In the frequent playing, this necessitates constant and regular practice, which means undivided interest. In case there is failure to appear a fine of twenty-five cents is paid. This rule is strictly enforced, and with great success.

Members send the names of their selections to the musical director by Wednesday morning for the programme of that week, and they are asked to gather such information about the compositions they interpret as will increase the interest of the programme. There are many talented members in the club who choose by mutual consent the ones most congenial as to touch and temperament to play quartette music for two pianos. This has been one of the chief delights of the members during the last winter.

* * *

A rehearsal hour is appointed each week for practice in a room of one of the largest music houses in Washington. This is also freely given. Other ensemble work with violin and cello is rehearsed. Several ladies play these instruments remarkably well, and they give much variety to the programmes with solo and ensemble work. Added to this are ladies' vocal quartettes and trios.

Unfortunately, the same trouble is experienced here as in all clubs; if there are vacancies, they are usually the singers.

Of the vocalists special mention is given Mrs. Bard, who was a favorite pupil of Jennie Lind-Goldschmidt.

Mrs. King is one of the best pianists, also Miss Kimball, who is a direct (not indirect) pupil of Leschetizky.

Business meetings are held once a month. The dues are three dollars for active members, five dollars associate. The fines are twenty-five cents for absences, and ten cents for tardiness. These fines which are applicable to clubs as a rule, are a success in progressive clubs. The money has added greatly to the treasury and does away with all assessments.

The music has been of very high order. As early as 1893 miscellaneous programmes were given. Once a month an historical programme should be given, beginning at the origin of music, and giving compositions of the composers. This was an unusually wise undertaking for a club to begin with the history of music for so much is understood in a clearer manner by this only true foundation.

Every fortnight the music of the Boston Symphony programme was reviewed and studied as far as possible.

* * *

The feature of the club's work for 1894 was the orchestra of today; the instruments composing it, their history, uses, etc. Illustrations as far as possible were given. This is the outline similar to a lecture given by Mr. W. J. Henderson so successfully in New York at the M. T. N. A.

A course of study of the Wagnerian dramas was taken up in 1895 by a course of four lectures given by Mr. H. E. Krehbiel, critic of the New York Tribune. They were "How to Listen to Music," "The Origin and Nature of the Lyric Drama," "Richard Wagner and his Art Work," and Wagner's Comedy, "Die Meistersinger." The illustrations were played by Miss King.

Mr. Krehbiel gives a course of four lectures to the club each winter, and has been a vast aid to its knowledge of the meaning and literature of music.

* * *

The special work of the club for 1895 and '96 was some points in the history of music: The history of the scale, the evolution of notation, the study of the theory of sound, and the present standard of pitch.

Mr. Krehbiel's lectures were "Dramatic Dances" and "Children's Games." He began by saying: "The primitive dance was a play, and the primitive play a dance. In the old conception of dancing every motion was a word, and feet was as eloquent as motion."

Children's games preserve the old purpose and manner. Remains of ancient mythologies in plays and songs like "Ring Around a Rosy" and its German parallel "London Bridge is Falling Down." The bridge in folk-lore and history.

Children's games recall ancient social and political customs; courtship and marriage; marriage by theft and by purchase, like "Sowing the Millet Seed," and "Here Come Three Lords Out of Spain."

The next lecture was "Wandering Ballads." Beautiful and enduring legends are universal property. Fairy tales are fragments of ancient mythologies.

* * *

The following lecture was Classicism and Romanticism in Music, and the last Wagner's Music Drama. —Parsifal—the blending of Buddhistic and Christian plots.

The programmes of music for that year were miscellaneous entirely. Several interesting numbers were played. A Sonata for violin and piano Op. 57, by Miss Sewall and Mrs. King, also Bach, Sonata No. 2 by these ladies. This sonata is very expressive, and lofty in style. It seems to be a pathetic colloquy between violin and the treble of the piano. The colloquy is in strict canon form throughout and is almost unrivalled in that time-honored form. The playing of Schumann's "Papillons" by Miss Bell and the Impromptu in A flat were exceptionally good.

Miss Elizabeth Boutelle, now Mrs. W. W. Palmer, sang a Massenet and De Koven song.

Miss Grace Boutelle played the poetical and dreamy Nocturne Op. 37, No. 2, by Chopin. The Schumann quintette for piano and strings Op 44, was unusually fine.

The duo for pianos, "Pas de Cymbales," Chaminade, played by Miss Williams and Miss Bell was fascinating, as is all of Chaminade's music.

A programme was given of music in the 17th century, of Bach, 1685; Rameau, 1683, Haydn, 1732; Handel, 1685, and Schumann; the latter the Three Phantasiestucke for violin and piano was played.

Miss Boutelle played that wonderfully beautiful Grieg Sonata Opus 1.

A unique number was at one time played on the Janko Board by Mrs. Patten. It was Chaminade's "Scarf Dance." This keyboard is annually illustrated by Madame Prepth at the M. T. N. A.

It was interesting to see that "Noel" by Augusta Holmes, sung by Miss Rice was on one programme. This composer is called the greatest woman composer living. The chorus sang "Welcome Lovely Spring," by Schumann.

A group of songs by Franz, one of the greatest of song writers, was sung by Mrs. Dean.

In 1896 and '97 the programmes were given in chronological order, beginning with Purcell in 1658, ending with Paderewski.

An American composers' day was given, which was loyal to say the least, to our much deserving composers.

In 1897 thirteen miscellaneous programmes were given with a programme of Italian music of the 16th and 18th centuries, also French, German and English of the 17th and 18th centuries. Perhaps the most enjoyable were the three programs of concerted music consisting of quartette, duets, and the trio from Elijah, "Lift Thine Eyes," sung by Mrs. Dean, Mrs. Bard and Miss Bradley. The most peculiar number was the Four Canons by Reinecke, sung by the chorus. First Canon in unison; Canon in the second below; Canon by inversion and Canon by augmentation and diminution.

The beautiful "Widmung" and "Ich Grolle Nicht" by Schumann, sung by Miss Shepard, must indeed have been a pleasure. The latter is the most dramatic song in existence.

Many numbers of Brahms, sung and played bespeak the ability of the executive and artistic ability of the members.

The Wotan's Farewell and the Fire Music by Wagner arranged for two pianos, was played by Mrs. Byrnes, Mrs. Robbins, Miss Boutelle and Mrs. Patten. It has been played twice in the Bertha Club and is an unusually good arrangement.

A string quartette from Haydn, the theme and variations from the Kaiser quartette, of which the Austrian hymn is the theme, was also played on our Haydn programme.

This is but a tenth part of the music played at this club. It is only to illustrate the wonderful range and broad ideas it has worked upon and has been of inestimable value to its members.

Among the delightful features of the club artists' recitals are given throughout the winter, under its auspices. All the renowned artists are procured. The Kneisel Quartette is engaged frequently, and it may be said that the Friday morning club has had nearly every artist that has come to Washington. The money is raised by subscription for each concert.

This is the principal musical club in the city and the most active. Like other clubs, factions have arisen and offshoots sprung up, but the Friday morning club remains intact. The interest grows instead of diminishes, and last winter was the most successful ever known in the history of the club.

When one thinks of the gayety and social functions of Washington life, it is pleasant to know that in spite of all these society duties the love of music is so strong that even these cannot sway the desire for study in this fascinating art. It is all the more commendable on this account that such splendid results have been attained. It certainly is a model club for activity and noble purpose that other clubs could well follow.

* * *

NOTES.

A great deal of music seems to have been given at Newport, R. I., during the present season. The Philharmonic Society gave Handel's "Messiah" on January 20th, and Haydn's "Creation" May 10th. The chorus numbered about fifty, under the direction of Mr. Alfred G. Langley, with accompanists Miss Fannie Cliff Berry, Mrs. Chas. E. Lawton, Miss Charlotte Broome, Miss Marian C. Dowling and Mrs. F. W. Freeborn. In April two chamber concerts were given by subscription, with very pleasing programmes. During the entire season various programmes have been given by the pupils of Mrs. Freeborn, at which an uncommonly good range of selections have been presented.

* * *

The Schubert Club, of Beloit, Wis., a ladies' singing society of about thirty members, directed by Rev. W. W. Sleeper, of Beloit, gave a programme made up entirely of Mrs. H. H. A. Beach's compositions. The programme included several part songs, songs, piano solos and violin solos, and concluded with the short cantata, "The Rose of Avondale." Miss Eleanor Bliss, of Madison, the only visiting participant, gave great delight by her singing of the "Chanson d'Amour," "Ecstasy" and the three "Shakespeare Songs." The entire programme was very creditably done and proved to be of great interest.

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CAMDEN NEWS.

Social Festivities—Arrivals and Departures—Notes of the Summer Season.

(Special to Whig and Courier.)

Camden, July 29. The steamer "Idalette," owned by A. H. A. Groeschuer, of New York, was in the harbor yesterday. Mr. Groeschuer and family have a cottage at Northport, where they are spending the summer.

The dancing party given Wednesday evening by the Misses Adams, High street, who are entertaining Miss Deering, of Portland, was a charming affair. The dance was in the barn, which had been elaborately decorated with flags and bunting, and several pictures were in evidence of the war heroes. The barn was brilliantly lighted by electricity. An orchestra of four pieces played throughout the evening and there were about thirty dances. Among the summer visitors were noticed Miss Julia Dillingham, and Miss Margaret Dillingham, from Bangor; Miss Sally Harrington, Miss Dollber, Mrs. Guppy, from Boston; Mrs. Henry Abbott, of New York; Mrs. N. H. Plummer, the Misses Stokes, Miss Codman, of Philadelphia; Miss Waldron, of Chicago; Mr. Edwin Fox and Mr. Ralph Rumery, of yacht "Mistress Mary," of Portland; Mr. Jones, Mr. Jameson, Mr. Guppy, Mr. Mansfield, of Boston; Mr. Wardwell, of Cambridge; Mr. Farley, of New York; Mr. George Sabio, of Boston; Mr. Codman, Mr. Moses, Mr. Lawson, of Philadelphia; Mr. Abbott, of New York.

Mrs. Dudley Talbot and children, of Dorchester, are spending the summer at the Parker homestead.

Mr. and Mrs. William Plummer, of Philadelphia, are at Mrs. Plummer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Adams.

Recent arrivals at the Mountain View are Miss J. Watson, Miss Kate Lamson, Miss Sarah L. Day, Mr. and Mr. G. Morison; Mr. B. E. Sdville, Mr. L. P. Swan, Boston; Miss Grace Richards, Mrs. L. A. Richards, Malden; Mrs. M. S. Lamson, Cambridge; Mrs. H. L. Robinson, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Miss Eaton, Miss Clara Eaton, Bangor; Miss Avery, Detroit, Mich.; Attorney General W. T. Haines, Waterville; Mrs. A. M. Brandon, Mrs. Benj. W. Brandon, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Bancher, Newtonville; Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Tober, Glen St. Mary, Florida; Mrs. R. G. Gere and party, of Ohio.

At the Bay View House are Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Russell, C. Gay, C. W. Marion, H. A. Verrill, F. S. Neal, Willis Prescott, Boston; Edward Bates, Geo. T. Fiske, of Worcester; J. S. Wells, I. M. Bickford, of Northport; Chas. S. Meyers, D. A. Futchan, New York; A. D. Williams, Portland; Mr. and Mrs. Alger V. Currier, C. M. Currier, Hallowell; I. K. Stetson, Lewis A. Barker, Fred W. Hopkins, Bangor; Jammel A. Johnson and Mrs. Johnson, Minneapolis; E. K. Leighton, Thomaston.

The schooner John K. Souther, Capt. Hamilton, is chartered to load ice from the Rockport Ice Company for Washington, D. C.

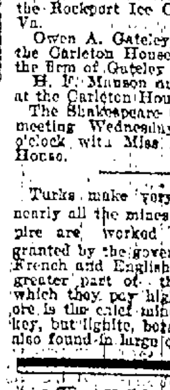
Schooner Hattie C. Luce, Capt. C. P. Heald, is loaded with ice (525 tons) from the Rockport Ice Company for Suffolk, Va.

Owen A. Gateley, Esq., is a guest at the Carleton House. Mr. Gateley is of the firm of Gateley & Co., Boston.

H. F. Manson and A. C. Drouet are at the Carleton House.

The Shakespeare Club held a business meeting Wednesday morning at ten o'clock with Miss Lewe at the Ocean House.

Turks make very poor miners and nearly all the mines in the Ottoman empire are worked under concessions granted by the government to foreigners. French and English companies hold the greater part of these privileges, for which they pay high rates. Manganese ore is the chief mineral product of Turkey, but lignite, boracite and copper are also found in large quantities.



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Very Fine, Try a Bottle.

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Columbia Chili Sauce,
Pure Strained Honey
in pound and half pound bottles.

For a few days we will give each purchaser of Old Grist Mill Malt a very handsome souvenir spoon called the Dewey spoon. This malt has no superior. Three bottles 50 cents, $2 per doz. Ask to see the spoons.

MOTHERS [illegible]

Hundreds of children have worms, but their parents doctor them for nearly everything else. The best Worm Remedy made, and likewise the best Remedy for all the complaints of children, such as Feverishness, Costiveness, Indigestion, Sour stomach, etc., is

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Book on "Children and their Diseases." For Tape Worm we have a special treatment. Write for book.

EASTPORT NEWS.

Too Much Enterprise—The New Steamer Line.

(Special to Whig and Courier.)

Eastport, July 28. The St. Andrews Picnic Club held its annual picnic on the grounds of L. F. Sampson at Campobello today. The Viking brought a large crowd down river and later the Rose Standish landed another party here. The secret organization has been in existence seventeen years, and its numbers include about all the residents of the shore side of Charlotte county, who, once a year, unite in a grand family affair.

Three young men of the neighboring town of Pembroke borrowed a horse and came to this city yesterday to attend the ball game. By the time they were ready for home they were pretty full of admiration for the ball players as well as "spirits," and proceeded to drive the horse about town at a furious rate, one of them holding the reins while the other two plied the lash. After they had made a few turns about town a warrant was sworn out and Sheriff Martin captured the men, landing them in the station. This morning they were taken before Trial Justice Lamond who made the usual collection, and the men departed for their home, leaving the borrowed team here.

The steamer Lubec carried two hundred of the Washington street Baptist Sunday school to North Lubec this afternoon on their annual outing.

Whalen's Orchestra seems to have the call just now, and is quite busy playing for parties, etc., in this city and neighboring towns. The orchestra is one of the best in the vicinity, and is well supplied with all the latest productions, while hard work and constant practice enable them to render the music in a truly artistic manner.

A moonlight sail in the handsome steamer Lubec is announced for Tuesday evening next. The excursion is under the management of and will be accompanied by the Campobello Brass Band, leaving Lubec at 7.45; North Lubec at 8; Eastport at 8.30; Welchpool, 8.45; and the Tyn-y-coed pier at 9; returning in about two hours.

In private advice to people in this city N. L. Newcomb, of New York, states that the steamer of his line will be ready to open the route to this city on August 1st.

The International Steamship Company announces a series of summer excursions between this city and St. John on Saturdays returning on Monday, tickets for which will be issued at less than one fare.

Mrs. Edward Archibald was a passenger home by steamer from Boston this afternoon.

John Yale and wife, of Dennysville, were in the city today to meet a party of friends who arrived by steamer.

The auction sale of the buildings on the new schoolhouse lot will be held on Tuesday next.

The receipt of fish in the factories has been light for the past few days.

The syndicate promoters are still in town and are waiting for the arrival of Mr. Gifford, the leading attorney in the deal. It is said that something will drop in a few days.

The little town of Dennysville, which for time immemorial has been free from intoxicating liquor has been greatly annoyed at times by the railroad workmen importing intoxicants and getting the worse for their use.

The next attraction which Mr. Shea will offer at the Opera House will be the engagement of Joseph Greene, beginning the week of Aug. 8th. Mr. Greene is a prime favorite with the theatre going people of this city.

A new Salvation lassie arrived this afternoon, to take charge of the local corps.

The base ball match was won this afternoon by the Roses by a score of 27 to 10. The team left by boat for home, the trip to Calais falling through, as the games could not be arranged. Neither game was characterized by good ball playing and as both teams are able to put up a better game the spectators were disappointed. Eddie Connolly, the lightweight boxer of St. John, was with the club, and played in the games. His presence drew many people, who are prone to gaze on the possessor of notoriety, not either in the prize ring or other sources.

MEETS YOUR NEEDS.

When you feel tired, languid, nervous and are troubled with pimples and eruptions, you will find Hood's Sarsaparilla exactly meets your needs. It purifies and enriches the blood and imparts to it the qualities needed to tone the nerves and nourish the whole system. It cures all blood humors.

Hood's Pills cure sick headache, nausea, biliousness and all liver ills. Price 25 cents.

CLIPS AND COMMENTS.

An old soldier of Detroit has a couple of stories of the late war that will not be preserved in the archives of accepted history.

"In the pioneer brigade to which I belonged," relates the veteran, "there was a Wisconsin man who seemed to have the gift of perpetual good feeling. After Bragg had left Tullahoma on his way to some safer locality, we pushed on to Elk river to repair a bridge. The Wisconsin man whom I remember as Hank, went down the stream a little way to take a swim and while he was disporting himself in the water five of Bragg's boys appeared on the bank, covered him with their guns and cordially invited him to come in out of the wet. He promptly yielded to the persuasion and dressed while laughingly telling his captors that if there had been four of them he would have declined to recognize them as a superior land force and fought them from the water.

"While the prisoner was awaiting an order to march the five surprised him by stacking their arms, notifying him that they surrendered and asking to be taken into camp. Like hundreds of others in lower Tennessee during the summer of 1863 they were tired of the fight and glad to get within our lines. The last time I was at a national encampment I came across the hero of the occasion, and I'll be blowed if he wasn't telling in solemn earnest how he made a sudden dash upon those five Johnnies, surrounded them, disarmed them and marched them to headquarters. Such stories are apt to grow even with one who participated in them."—New Haven Register.

* * *

The scheme started in Maryland not long ago to honor Commodore Schley with a substantial testimonial, probably in the form of a homestead in Baltimore, is rapidly growing to most gratifying proportions. General Joseph Sprigg, of Cumberland, where the movement first started, has written in the name of the Committee of Organization to Mayor Malster of Baltimore, thanking him for the interest he is taking in the matter and asking his co-operation in the efforts to honor Maryland's hero. "We up here in the mountains," he writes, "deem it peculiarly fitting that this movement should have its beginning here in view of the fact that Hon. Henry W. Hoffman, the then distinguished Representative of this district in Congress, who appointed Commodore Schley to the Naval Academy, was born, lived and died in this county." In another place he says, "We have not yet attempted to say what the testimonial will be—that depends upon the response the people make, upon the number of dollars we secure for the purpose. I think we ought to secure without much trouble $25,000 to $30,000 from the whole State. * * * We intend preserving the names and addresses of all who subscribe and when the list is completed put them all in a neatly bound book and present Commodore Schley with it also when we present the testimonial."

* * *

An autograph fiend in Pontiac, Mich., recently wrote to Admiral Cervera asking that famous Spaniard to send his signature. He also inclosed a dollar and invited the Admiral to have a good cigar for his trouble. He has received the following letter in reply:

"My Dear Sir: The Admiral (my father) directs me to tell you that he takes great pleasure in sending you his autograph, as he does. However much he would like to smoke a good cigar with you (if he smoked) you will understand that he cannot take the dollar for that and directs me to return the check. Yours, [illegible] Angel Cervera."

"It has just occurred to me," said the Spanish nobleman who was filled unto the rest of his race, in being a few hundred years behind the times, "that the Yankee pen is mightier than the Spanish sword."—Indianapolis Journal.

The British Medical Journal announces that the monument to Pasteur, which is to be erected in Paris in the space in front of the Pantheon, is now almost completed.

SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED.

L. Wagner, Wholesale Druggist, Richmond, Va., says: "I had a fearful attack of Sciatic Rheumatism, was laid up almost two months; was fortunate enough to get MYSTIC CURE FOR RHEUMATISM. This cured me after doctor's prescriptions had failed to have any effect. I have also heard of fine results from others who have used it." Sold by J. L. Mountaine & Co., 65 Main street, Caldwell Sweet, 26 Main street, Druggists, Bangor.

AGRICULTURAL FAIRS IN MAINE FOR 1898.

Eastern Maine Fair Association, Bangor, Aug. 29, 30, 31, Sept. 1, 2, E. L. Stearns, Sec., Bangor.
Maine State Agricultural, Lewiston, Sept. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, Geo. H. Clarke, Sec., North Anson.
Maine State Pomological, D. H. Knowlton, Sec., Farmington.
Androscoggin County, Livermore Falls, Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, J. L. Lowell, Sec., Auburn.
Durham Agricultural, Durham, Sept. 21, 22, F. B. Miller, Sec., W. Durham.
Aroostook County, Houlton, Ira J. Porter, Sec., Houlton.
North Aroostook, Presque Isle, Sept. 13, 14, 15, D. T. McGlaughlin, Sec., Presque Isle.
Southern Aroostook, Sherman Mills, Isaac Cushman, Sec., Sherman Mills.
Cumberland County, Gorham, Sept. 20, 21, 22, Chas. H. Leighton, Sec., Westbrook.
Northern Cumberland, So. Harrison, N. C. Pinkham, Sec., Bolster's Mills.
Cumberland Farmers' Club, West Cumberland, Sept. 27, 28, L. W. Hudson, Sec., W. Falmouth.
Gray Park Association, Gray Corner, Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, J. W. Stevens, Sec., Gray.
Bridgton Farmers' Club, Bridgton, Sept. 6, 7, 8, F. C. Knight, Sec., Bridgton.
New Gloucester and Danville, Upper Gloucester, Sept. 28, 29, L. L. Whitman, Sec., Upper Gloucester.
Lake View Park, East Sebago, Sept. 20, 21, J. P. Fitch, Sec., E. Sebago.
Franklin County, Farmington, Sept. 20, 21, 22, Reuben Hatch, Sec., Farmington.
North Franklin, Phillips, Sept. 13, 14, 15, M. Sewall Kelley, Sec., Phillips.
Hancock County Agricultural, Bluehill, Nahum Hinckley, Sec., Bluehill.
Hancock County Fair Association, Ellsworth, H. F. Whitcomb, Sec., Ellsworth.
Northern Hancock, Amherst, A. W. Silsby, Sec., Amherst.
Eden Agricultural, Salisbury Cove, Sept. 21, 22, Frank A. Wood, Sec., Salisbury Cove.
Kennebec County, Readfield, Sept. 13, 14, 15, W. G. Hunton, Sec., Readfield.
South Kennebec, So. Windsor, Sept. 27, 28, 29, Arthur N. Douglass, Sec., Chelsea.
Pittston Agr'l & Trotting Park Asso., E. Pittston, G. R. Mansir, Sec., E. Pittston.
North Knox, Union, Sept. 20, 21, 22, Geo. C. Hawes, Sec., Union.
Lincoln County, Damariscotta, Sept. 27, 28, 29, A. J. Phelps, Sec., Damariscotta.
Oxford County, Norway, Sept. 20, 21, 22, A. C. T. King, Sec., S. Paris.
Riverside Park Association, Bethel, Sept. 13, 14, 15, H. S. Hastings, Sec., Bethel.
West Oxford, Fryeburg, Sept. 27, 28, 29, W. H. Abbott, Sec., Fryeburg.
Androscoggin Valley, Canton, Sept. 27, 28, 29, H. T. Tirrell, Sec., Canton.
Northern Oxford, Andover, Sept. 21, 22, John F. Talbot, Sec., Andover.
Penobscot County, Hampden, Geo. N. Holland, Sec., Hampden.
Lee Union, Lee, Nathan Averill, Sec., Lee.
West Penobscot, Exeter, Sept. 27, 28, 29, F. E. Jewett, Sec., Exeter.
North Penobscot, B. D. Averill, Sec., Kingman.
East Eddington Farmers' Club, East Eddington, Sept. 21, 22, E. B. Comins, Sec., E. Eddington.
Orrington Agricultural, N. A. Nickerson, Sec., Orrington.
East Piscataquis, Milo, A. L. Ward, Sec., Milo.
West Piscataquis.
Sagadahoc County, Topsham, Oct. 11, 12, 13, W. S. Rogers, Sec., Topsham.
Richmond Farmers' Club, Richmond Corner, Sept. 27, C. E. Dinslow, Sec., Richmond Corner.
Somerset County, Madison Bridge, Oct 5, 6, J. F. Withee, Sec., Madison.
East Somerset, Hartland, Sept. 22, 23, 24, J. A. Goodrich, Sec., Wes Palmyra.
Somerset County, H. A. Archer, Sec., Skowhegan.
West Somerset.
New Portland Agricultural, N. New Portland, Sept. 21, 22, W. B. Clark, Sec., N. New Portland.
Waldo County.
Waldo and Penobscot, Monroe, Sept. 13, 14, 15, E. H. Nealley, Sec., Monroe.
North Waldo, Unity, Sept. 21, 22, E. B. Bust, Sec., Unity.
West Waldo.
Washington County, Pembroke, Sept. 14, 15, S. A. Wilder, Sec., W. Pembroke.
North Washington, Princeton, Sept. 6, 7, 8, Albert L. Jones, Sec., Princeton.
West Washington, Cherryfield, Sept. 14, 15, R. F. Allen, Sec., Columbia Falls.
Central Washington, Machias, Sept. 20, 21, E. F. Barry, Sec., Machias.
York County, Saco, Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, 2, S. B. Andrews, Sec., Biddeford.
Buxton and Hollis, Buxton, J. B. Elden, Sec., Bar Mills.
Rapishnodle Park, West Newfield, A. Q. Mitchell, Sec., W. Newfield.
Shapleigh and Acton, Acton, Oct. 5, 6, 7, Fred K. Bodwell, Sec., Acton.
Ossipee Valley Union, Cornish, Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, L. L. Cook, Sec., Cornish.
Springvale A. and M. Association, Springvale, A. W. Low, Sec., Springvale.
North Berwick Agricultural, North Berwick, Aug. 23, 24, 25, Geo. W. Perkins, Sec., N. Berwick.

Insure the Safety

of your valuable papers, etc., by renting a Deposit Box at a small cost in the burglar proof and fire proof Safe Deposit Vaults of

EASTERN TRUST & BANKING CO.

J. W. E. MURDOCK,
PIANO TUNER FROM BOSTON,

is in Bangor on his regular semi-annual trip. Orders for first-class piano tuning or repairing left at Geo. S. Silsby's music store will receive careful attention.

NEW BOOKS

Helbeck of Bannisdale, by Mrs. Humphrey Ward; Marching with Gomez, by Grover Flint; Cuba in War Time, by Richard Harding Davis; General Manager's Story, by Herbert E. Hamblen; Love and Rooks, by Laura E. Richards;
—FOR SALE BY—
D. BUGBEE & CO.

State of Maine.

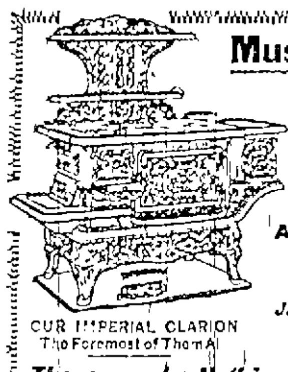
Penobscot ss.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, Bangor, June 28th, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that Terence Bernard Towle of Bangor, in the County and State aforesaid, has filed in his office notice of his intention to apply for admission to Penobscot Bar, at the August term, 1898, of said Court.

CHARLES A. SWEET, Clerk.

NewspaperARCHIVE®



Must Have a Stove?

THEN BUY A

A Hundred Reasons Why, which we can't tell you here.

Just let us show you before you decide to buy something else

OUR IMPERIAL CLARION The Foremost of Them All

There can be Nothing that is "Just as Good."

Estab. 1839 Inc. 1894 WOOD & BISHOP CO. BANGOR, MAINE

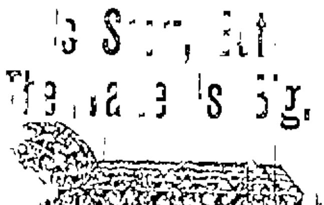
when an uncontrollable appetite for liquor holds him in bondage.

Treatment at the Bangor Sanitarium Removes the Appetite

for Stimulants and Narcotics and builds up the system that has been depleted by their use. Your friend can be a MAN AGAIN.

BANGOR SANITARIUM, 165 State Street.

Opposite the Convent



This couch upholstered in English corduroy containing ... steel tempered springs, ... and tow stuffing, [no excelsior] handsome fringe, full spring edges colors, crimson, tobacco brown, myrtle,

$7.98.

These couches are made in our own work rooms and are equal to any ten dollar couch on the market.

CHANDLER & CO.,

Hammond Street.

The Largest Furniture and Carpet Store in the City

A Safe Home Investment Yielding 5 Per Cent.

We offer the balance remaining unsold of

$65,000

TRACADIE LUMBER COMPANY

Six per cent First Mortgage Coupon Bonds

Principal and semi-annual interest payable January and July ... Denomination $1,000. Due ... January 1902

The Tracadie Lumber Company was organized under the laws of the State of Maine.

Its officers are among the most conservative and successful business men of Bangor.

The Capital Stock of the company is $...000 fully paid in.

The Bonds are secured by a first and only lien upon the property owned by the company which consists of extensive and very valuable tracts of pine timber and mill property in Gloucester County, New Brunswick.

The Legality of the issue of these bonds has been favorably passed upon by Messrs Appleton & Chaplin of this city and C. J. Coster, Queen's Counsel, of St. John, whose written opinion we have, attesting their validity.

SINKING FUND.

The mortgage under which these bonds are issued requires that a sinking fund of $2.00 stumpage for every 1,000 feet of logs cut from the land shall be paid each year to the trustees for the redemption of the bonds as they mature. This is a very strong provision and commends itself to prospective purchasers.

We have detailed expert opinion covering the ... and extent of the property which readily demonstrates that the bonds are securely protected and affords such ample immunity from loss as to recommend them as a safe investment.

The bonds already sold are in strong hands, being held by some of our most conservative clients. The investment will bear the closest scrutiny.

We offer a limited amount of the above at a price to yield about 5 per cent.

A complete descriptive circular containing expert's report, attorney's opinion with maps and statistics, furnished upon application.

TYLER, FOGG & CO.

Nichols Building, Bangor, Me.

WAR REVENUE LAW OF 1898.

PRICE 15 CENTS

CHAS. HIGHT'S.

Standard New Era Cyclometers 75c

Standard No. 1 35c

Seth Thomas 30c

Shedd's 25c

BANGOR BICYCLE CO.,

EXCHANGE ST. & 233 HAMMOND ST.

A PHOTO BOOK

keeps your "snap shots" clean and bright—allows easy handling—is much better than single mounts. We have several sizes of the books—prices from

50c. to $1.25

J. D. GLYNN,

62 ... State Street.

CHICKENS TO ROAST.

I have just received a choice lot of Native Spring Chickens suitable for roasting. These chickens are properly dressed, plump and well meated. If you are going to have chicken call and see them.

LYNCH'S Leading Cash Market,

Exchange Street

Mrs. Marie Robinson Wright, whose book "Picturesque Mexico," was pronounced by President Diaz the most instructive work on his country, is now visiting in Cleveland and will soon start ...

THE WHIG TELEPHONES

Editorial rooms—No. 224-2.

Counting room—No. 224-11.

Call the editorial rooms after 7 o'clock P. M.

HIGH WATER.

July 30—... A. M. ... P. M.

Sunday Services

The British Museum contains a very full collection of clay pipes dating as far back as the 16th century. The custom of smoking the pipe ... to prevent it sticking ... was introduced by the Dutch ... about 1700.

The amount of gold coin in actual circulation in the world is estimated by the Bank of England officials to be about 805 tons.

FEEDING NEW ENGLAND.

Western Products in Favor

A Battle Creek food concern (The Postum Cereal Co., Lim.) are sending a ... prepared food called Grape-Nuts to Boston by the carload. The New England people are proverbial for the care with which they select food, and these Grape-Nuts appeal strongly to them as the article is made to supply a need for a pre-digested and wholesome food and something different from the ordinary soft mushes. They are known to possess in a concentrated form the most valuable elements of nutrition.

DEXTER NEWS.

Wages of Woolen Mill Operatives Restored

Case in Court—Arrivals and Departures—Notes of General Interest

(Special to Whig and Courier)

Dexter, July 29. There was an attempted cut down in the Pe...obscot Woolen Mills this week and notices were posted scheduling a list of prices adopted which were less than those then being paid to the few operatives already at work there. A strike was the immediate result and the ultimate result was a restoration of prices.

Rev. A. P. S... of Charleston will preach at the F. W. Baptist church Sunday morning.

...

BUCKSPORT NEWS.

Mad Dog Creates Excitement.

Football Team to Be Organized—Arrivals and Departures—Notes of Interest.

(Special to Whig and Courier)

Bucksport, July 29. ... have been ... returned to Ellsworth Friday.

... services will be held in the ... Sunday.

Miss Lucy S. Hinckley, who has been the guest of ... returned to ... in Milbridge Saturday.

There was a fair sized audience present at the entertainment and phonograph concert in Emery Hall Thursday evening. The show was rather unsatisfactory.

There was considerable excitement at ... about ... Thursday, caused by a dog belonging on board the schooner John D. ... running mad. Nobody was bitten, however.

The farmers in this vicinity have about all finished haying and the crop has been a good one.

A meeting of the Democrats was held at the office of T. H. Smith Thursday and S. Decatur Briggs of Verona was nominated as representative to the next legislature.

Mr. Martin Bill is rapidly recovering from his injuries recently received in falling from a hay rack.

Rev. Mr. Moffett of Bucksport Centre was in town Friday.

Several of the town boys are preparing to organize a football team and will shortly begin to practice.

Charles Delano is fitting up the Hall building on Main street near the depot and will open a restaurant in connection with a fruit, cigar and confectionary stand.

The schooner A. J. Crabtree sailed for Sevan's Island Friday to load paving for New York.

One of the most beautiful sights in the world is the annual migration of butterflies across the Isthmus of Panama. Where they come from or whither they go no one knows and though many distinguished naturalists have attempted to solve the problem it is still as strange a mystery as it was to the first European traveler who observed it. Toward the end of June a few scattered specimens are discovered flitting out to sea and as the days go by the number increase until about June 14 or 15 the sky is occasionally almost obscure by myriads of these frail insects.

The streets of Pekin, China, are unlighted save by two gaslights and three kerosene lamps. The first two are before the Russian embassy and the kerosene lamps illuminate the front of the Russo-Chinese Bank.

MAINE'S ... CAMP.

New Camp Site a Fine One—Pay Rolls Arrive—Notes.

(Special to the Whig and Courier)

Camp Geo. H. Thomas, Ga., July 25. Since Maine has been domiciled in the new campgrounds in the southwestern corner of the Park ... has outdone himself in showers and nasty ... weather. Police work has consequently been prosecuted with difficulty and it will be at least a week before the camp will be in ... order. The site is all that nature could make it ...

PAYMASTER IN DISGRACE

$5.00 Shoes, $3.50

$3.50 Shoes, $2.75

$2.50 Shoes, $1.98

$2.75 Shoes, $1.98

$3.00 Shoes, $1.98

55 Main Street.

WE QUOTE PRICES

And We Back the Prices With the Goods.

in reading this advertisement, or in following the reading with a visit to our store. Some of the lots are small and will be closed quickly, but in every such case we state that fact plainly

Saturday and Monday

You can buy the following goods at the price quoted but on those days only.

ANOTHER CHANCE

NO COMMENT

Ladies' Neckwear.

AN IMMENSE VARIETY

TWENTY-ONE CENTS EACH

BOYS NOT FORGOTTEN

A Ribbon Sensation!

THIS SEASON'S CRAZE ... OFFERING

TAKE YOUR PICK Saturday and Monday Only.

12½c per yard.

The above lot is not a collection of undesirable truck ... at any price, but clean desirable stock.

WRAPPERS!

Just Call in All Summer Wrappers

Don't delay or you'll miss it. Everybody knows what a wrapper sale means here.

A small lot of good Percale Print Wrappers with separate linings and faced as long as they last after our store opens Saturday morning.

36c each.

200 PRETTY LAWN WRAPPERS the last of wrappers we bought we don't ... the others do 80c to $1.00 in a regular way, as long as they last

43c each.

No Comment.

Our entire stock of Better Wrappers at Reduced Prices to Make Quick Selling.

Open Saturday Morning.

Especially for this Sale an entirely new line of

Separate Dress Skirts.

DON'T FORGET Our Special Sale of Tailor Made Suits and JACKETS.

"Last Bite of the Cherry."

Your Choice of Any SHIRT WAIST IN OUR ENTIRE STOCK

33c.

59c each

12½c each.

Open Monday Morning!

MILLINERY

At Prices This Town Never Had Before

Untrimmed Hats in Three BIG LOTS!

17c each

ALL HATS heretofore ... $1.00 TAKE YOUR PICK AT

39c each.

ALL HATS heretofore sold ... to $2.50 choice

98c each.

NO MORE dainty and ... SAILORS

were ever shown in Bangor ...

THIRD FLOOR

SOME MORE NEW ONES just for tomorrow's selling

COME IN and SELECT ONE

EVERYONE

Al Walkers

Reduced from $1.00 and $2.00 to ...

TRIMMED HATS.

$1.95 and $2.95.

New Wash Veils.

The Fashion,

WOOD & EWER.

... WHIG AND COURIER ...

1898 BANGOR 1898

EASTERN STATE FAIR

IS THE FAIR

Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, 2.

We shall renew our Success of last year at

SPLENDID PARK

EVERY DAY A GOOD DAY

EVERYTHING CLEAN AND NEW

MARION MILLS

THE SPORTSMAN'S EXHIBIT

THE FAMOUS JAPANESE TROUPE

"RUBE HILTON"

The ELECTRO-RAMA

HIGH BALLOON ASCENSIONS

The Midway and Its Varied Attractions

COME EVERYBODY.

SWEET'S DRUG STORE

26 Main St.

ALWAYS THE BEST

Double Refined ...

7c a Pound; 4 pounds for 25c.

For sale ...

TEA WHITE.

Wednesday, Aug. 3d.

50 cents

Remember the date Wednesday Aug ...

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®